STATE OF WYOMING DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION AND INFORMATION ECONOMIC ANALYSIS DIVISION 2800 CENTRAL AVENUE CHEYENNE, WYOMING 82002 PH. (307) 777-7504 FAX (307) 632-1819 E-mail: ai-ead-info@wyo.gov



FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE Tuesday, January 17, 2012 Contact: Wenlin Liu, Ph.D., Senior Economist

### Summary of the 2010 Census for Wyoming

**CHEYENNE** – Results from U.S. Census Bureau's 2010 Census of Population and Housing reveal a detailed portrait of the nation's demographic characteristics. This report provides an overview and analysis of 2010 data for Wyoming and counties. Tables, charts, and maps are also included in the report.

Topics covered in summary:

- Total population and change over time.
- Age and sex composition.
- Race and Hispanic distribution and change.
- Household characteristics.
- Housing units and change.

"Changes in the size of a population and its structure can affect the economy in a number of ways," said Dr. Wenlin Liu, Senior Economist with the Economic Analysis Division. "Understanding a population's composition yields insight into changing phenomena and highlights current and future social and economic challenges such as supply of labor, provision of health and social services, and chronic deficit on social security and Medicare funds."

You may find Wyoming's 2010 Census data on Economic Analysis Division's website: http://eadiv.state.wy.us/demog\_data/pop2010/pop10.html

You may access other decennial census profiles and tables: http://eadiv.state.wy.us/demog\_data/demog\_data.html

You may access detailed census data at U.S. Census Bureau's American Factfinder: <u>http://factfinder2.census.gov/</u>

## Summary of 2010 Census of Population and Housing for Wyoming

by Dr. Wenlin Liu, Senior Economist, Wyoming Economic Analysis Division

January 17, 2011

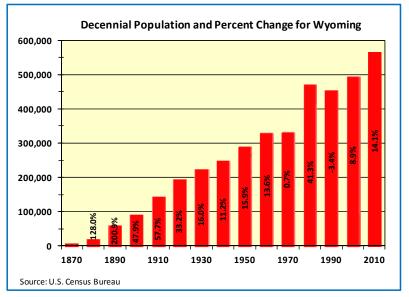
#### Population for the U.S.

From 2000 to 2010, the U.S. population increased by 27.3 million, or 9.7 percent, to reach 308.7 million. Across the country, people continued to move from the Northeast to the Southeast and from the Midwest to the Mountain Region and Texas. This kind of domestic migration trend has lasted for many decades. Nevada's 35.1 percent growth rate was the fastest in the nation, and Michigan was the only state suffering population loss during the decade.

#### **Population and Component for Wyoming**

Wyoming's population increased from 493,782 in 2000 to 563,626 in 2010, which was still the least populated state in the country. The 14.1 percent of growth rate was the 12<sup>th</sup> fastest in the nation, slower

than its southern and western neighboring states, but faster than the eastern and northern neighbors. It was higher than the growth rate of 8.9 percent in the 1990s, and the decline of 3.4 percent in the 1980s. There are three components that determine population change for an births, area \_ deaths, and migration. Among the State's increase of 69,844 residents over the decade, about 30,000 was contributed by natural increase (births minus deaths). Nearly 40,000 more persons moved into Wyoming than moved out over the ten year period. Most of the



employment driven in-migration happened in the second half of the decade, particularly from 2006 to 2009. The State's energy-led economy experienced the strongest growth since the 1970s. In fact, Wyoming ranked at the top in the nation in three consecutive years in terms of job growth rate, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

#### **County Population Change**

Across the State, counties in the Northeast and Southwest where the mineral extraction was dominant, particularly natural gas, experienced both stronger employment and faster population growth. Sublette County recorded the fastest growth, 73.1 percent, followed by Campbell County's 36.9 percent. Crook, Johnson, and Lincoln counties also demonstrated strong increases of over 20 percent, respectively. Hot Springs and Platte were the only counties that suffered population decline over the decade. Other small and rural counties that lack mining activities also experienced slower increases in population.

#### Race and Ethnicity

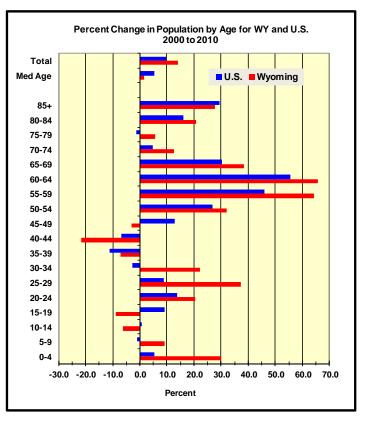
Similar to the nation, Wyoming's population is also continuing to get more diverse. Between 2000 and 2010, Wyoming's Hispanic population grew by 18,562, or 58.6 percent, to reach 50,231. In fact, over one-fourth of the State's total population growth was contributed by the Hispanic population. The Hispanic population increased the fastest in areas where mineral exploration was the most active, such as in Sublette, Campbell, Sweetwater, and Uinta counties. The exception was the strong growth in Teton County, which was driven by employment increases in the service sectors such as the Leisure & Hospitality industry. The Asian population also increased substantially, nearly 60 percent. Albany County alone contributed 28.8 percent of total Asian growth for the State, mostly due to the influx of international students from Asian countries. While the majority – the White population only grew 10.3 percent. Consequently, its proportion decreased from 88.9 percent in 2000 to 85.9 percent in 2010, which was still the 9<sup>th</sup> highest in the nation. For the U.S., the percent of the White population declined to 63.7 percent of the total population in 2010.

#### Age and Sex

Of the State's 563,626 residents in 2010, the male population covered 51.0 percent (2<sup>nd</sup> highest in the nation). Between 2000 and 2010, the male population grew at a faster rate (15.7%) than the female population (12.5%). Employment opportunities in the energy sector drew many younger male workers into the State in the second half of the 2000s.

During the decade, the population under the age of 18 grew at a rate of 5.1 percent. The growth rate was

slightly faster for those age 18 to 44 (6.6%). This contrasts with the substantially faster growth rates seen with older ages. The population age 45 to 64 grew at a rate of 32.4 percent from 2000 to 2010. The large growth in this age group is primarily due to the aging of the Baby Boom population, which includes people born from 1946 to 1964. Finally, the population age 65 and over also grew at a faster rate (21.5%) than the population under age 45. Similar to many other states, Wyoming's population has continued to age since 1980. However, the speed of aging was slower than any other states for the most recent decade. The median age for Wyoming increased from 36.2 to 36.8 years between 2000 and 2010, the smallest growth in the nation, while the U.S. median age jumped from 35.3 in 2000 to 37.2 years in 2010. Again, Wyoming's slower aging process was mostly attributed to many young migrants' relocating to the State to work in the booming energy industry.



In eleven of Wyoming's twenty three counties, the median age was higher than 40 years. Nearly all of them had a small total population and are located in rural areas. The three counties with the highest median age in 2010 were Hot Springs (48.6), Niobrara (46.1), and Platte (47.5), where over one out of

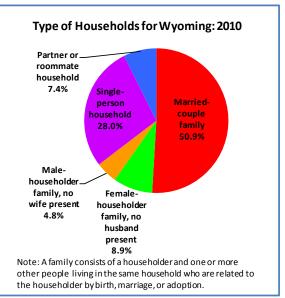
five residents was age 65 years or older. In contrast, the median age in Campbell, Sublette, and Sweetwater counties declined due to the mining sector's hiring.

The minority population in both the U.S. and Wyoming is much younger than the minority population – White. In 2010, the median age for White population in the State was 39.2 years, compared to 25.9 for Hispanic, 27.2 for American Indian, 27.3 for Black, and 31.9 for Asian. Minority population generally has lower proportion of older age population, and higher fertility rates.

#### Households

Continuing the trend of decline, the percent of households that are married-couple families in Wyoming

was 50.9 percent in 2010, down from 54.8 percent in 2000. But Wyoming ranked the 7<sup>th</sup> highest in nation in 2010. For the U.S., the percent of married-couple families also dropped from 51.7 percent in 2000 to 48.4 percent in 2010. It appears that more children are living with father after their parents' separation. While the proportion of households that are singlemom families with children declined to 5.6% in 2010 from 6.0% in 2000, the percent of single-dad families with children increased to 2.8% from 2.4% over the same ten year period in Wyoming. As more people choose to delay or bypass marriage, the percent of single-person households continued to increase, from 26.3% in 2000 to 28.0% in 2010. Consequently, the average household size for the State dropped to 2.42 from 2.48 persons over the decade.



#### Housing

The percentage of Americans who owned their homes had the biggest decline since the Great Depression. The homeownership rate in the U.S. fell to 65.1% in 2010, 1.1 percentage points lower than it was in 2000. For Wyoming, the homeownership also decreased from 70.0% in 2000 to 69.2% in 2010 (the 2010 rate was the 16<sup>th</sup> highest in the U.S.).

Wyoming's total number of housing units grew 17.0% between 2000 and 2010 (15<sup>th</sup> highest in the U.S.), which was higher than 13.6% for the U.S. However, the State's vacant housing units increased only 15.7% in comparison with the substantial increase of 43.8% for the U.S. Indeed, Wyoming had the 6<sup>th</sup> lowest growth rate of vacant homes in the nation. As the U.S. experienced a horrendous burst of its housing market bubble in recent years, Wyoming's home market was weakened, but still relatively stable. The housing stock growth over the past decade was basically consistent with its strong population growth, which was driven by the mining-led strong economic performance, particularly from 2006 to 2008. While the percent of vacant units in the U.S. increased from 9.0% in 2000 to 11.4% in 2010, Wyoming's vacancy rate declined to 13.4% in 2010 from 13.5% in 2000. Only two other states in the nation experienced percentage declines in the vacancy rate over the decade.

The main reason for Wyoming's relatively higher vacancy rate (13th highest in U.S.) was the State's higher proportion of second homes. The percent of vacant homes that are for seasonal, recreational, or occasional use was 42.6% (ranked 13th highest in the U.S.), compared to 31.0% for the U.S. For example, across the State, 77.6% of vacant homes in Sublette County, 73.8% in Teton County, and 61.4% in Crook County were used for this purpose in 2010.

# Population and Distribution (%) by Race and Hispanic Origin: 2010

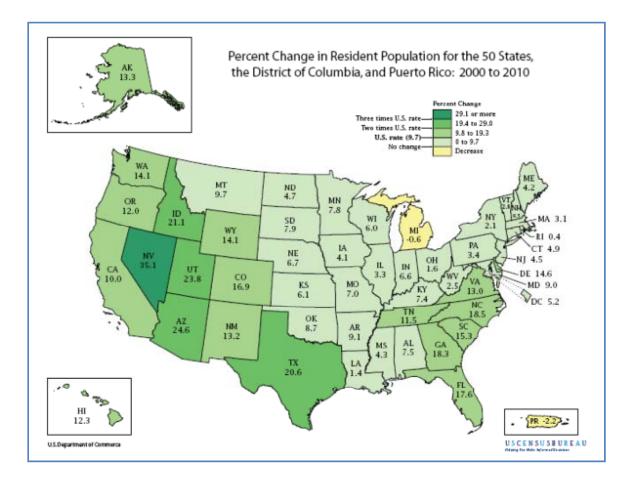
		Race										
					One Race							
Area Name	Total Population	Total	White alone	Black or African American alone	American Indian and Alaska Native alone	Asian alone	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	Some Other Race alone	Two or More Races	Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	Non- Hispanic White alone	Minority (Total less Non- Hispanic White alone)
U.S. (in thous.)	308,746	299,736	223,553	38,929	2,932	14,674	540	19,107	9,009	50,478	196,818	111,928
Wyoming	563,626	551,265	511,279	4,748	13,336	4,426	427	17,049	12,361	50,231	483,874	79,752
Albany	36,299	35,328	32,720	422	259	1,021	21	885	971	3,202	30,796	5,503
Big Horn	11,668	11,526	11,009	26	100	39	2	350	142	984	10,435	1,233
Campbell	46,133	45,165	42,974	159	531	256	22		968	3,611	41,032	5,101
Carbon	15,885	15,528	14,103	116	160	109	14	-	357	2,668	12,683	3,202
Converse	13,833	13,601	13,160	46	106	41	7		232	867	12,632	1,201
Crook	7,083	7,000	6,884	14	48	11	0		83	141	6,794	
Fremont	40,123	38,991	29,813	101	8,498	157	10		1,132	2,264	28,677	11,446
Goshen	13,249	13,086	12,526	79	108	41	12		163	1,288	11,651	1,598
Hot Springs	4,812	4,740	4,609	12	70	20	3		72	105	4,550	
Johnson	8,569	8,475	8,267	14	92	38	0		94	276	8,092	
Laramie	91,738	88,927	81,205	2,248	878	976	142		2,811	11,978	74,120	
Lincoln	18,106	17,884	17,281	33	146	57	4		222	781	16,930	
Natrona	75,450	73,640	70,015	665	781	510	39		1,810	5,231	67,191	
Niobrara Park	2,484	2,445	2,397 26,951	5 56	21 168	9 166	0 25		39	52 1 265	2,361	123
	28,205	27,765	8,268	28		32	25 5		440	1,365	26,090	
Platte Sheridan	8,667 29,116	8,541 28,672	27,782	20 107	38 359	32 192	23		126 444	580 1,013	7,908 27,119	
Sublette	10,247	10,106	9,552	32	87	51	23	383	141	712	9,260	
Sweetwater	43,806	42,786	3,332	438	423	336	42		1,020	6,689	35,432	
Teton	21,294	20,946	18,821	430	423	235	15		348	3,191	17,505	
Uinta	21,118	20,694	19,514	55	168	61	36		424	1,855	18,696	
Washakie	8,533	8,332	7,795	22	93	48	1	373	201	1,162	7,158	
Weston	7,208	7,087	6,885	21	91	20	3		121	216	6,762	446
U.S.	100.0	97.1	72.4	12.6	0.9	4.8	0.2	6.2	2.9	16.3	63.7	36.3
Wyoming	100.0	97.8	90.7	0.8	2.4	0.8	0.1	3.0	2.2	8.9	85.9	14.1
Albany	100.0	97.3	90.1	1.2	0.7	2.8	0.1	2.4	2.7	8.8	84.8	15.2
Big Horn	100.0	98.8	94.4	0.2	0.9	0.3	0.0		1.2	8.4	89.4	
Campbell	100.0	97.9	93.2	0.3	1.2	0.6			2.1	7.8		
Carbon	100.0	97.8	88.8	0.7	1.0	0.7	0.1	6.5	2.2	16.8	79.8	20.2
Converse	100.0	98.3	95.1	0.3	0.8	0.3	0.1	1.7	1.7	6.3	91.3	8.7
Crook	100.0	98.8	97.2	0.2	0.7	0.2	0.0	0.6	1.2	2.0	95.9	4.1
Fremont	100.0	97.2	74.3	0.3	21.2	0.4	0.0	1.0	2.8	5.6	71.5	28.5
Goshen	100.0	98.8	94.5	0.6	0.8	0.3	0.1	2.4	1.2	9.7	87.9	12.1
Hot Springs	100.0	98.5	95.8	0.2	1.5	0.4	0.1	0.5	1.5	2.2	94.6	5.4
Johnson	100.0	98.9	96.5	0.2	1.1	0.4	0.0	0.7	1.1	3.2	94.4	5.6
Laramie	100.0	96.9	88.5	2.5	1.0	1.1	0.2	3.8	3.1	13.1	80.8	19.2
Lincoln	100.0	98.8	95.4	0.2	0.8	0.3	0.0	2.0	1.2	4.3	93.5	6.5
Natrona	100.0	97.6	92.8	0.9	1.0	0.7			2.4	6.9	89.1	
Niobrara	100.0	98.4	96.5	0.2	0.8	0.4	0.0	0.5	1.6	2.1	95.0	5.0
Park	100.0	98.4	95.6	0.2	0.6	0.6	0.1		1.6	4.8	92.5	
Platte	100.0	98.5	95.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.1		1.5		91.2	
Sheridan	100.0	98.5	95.4	0.4	1.2	0.7			1.5			
Sublette	100.0	98.6	93.2	0.3	0.8	0.5	0.0		1.4		90.4	
Sweetwater	100.0	97.7	88.5	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.1		2.3			
Teton	100.0	98.4	88.4	0.2	0.5	1.1	0.1		1.6	15.0	82.2	
Uinta	100.0	98.0	92.4	0.3	0.8	0.3	0.2		2.0	8.8	88.5	
Washakie	100.0	97.6	91.4	0.3	1.1	0.6	0.0		2.4	13.6		
Weston	100.0	98.3	95.5	0.3	1.3	0.3	0.0	0.9	1.7	3.0	93.8	6.2

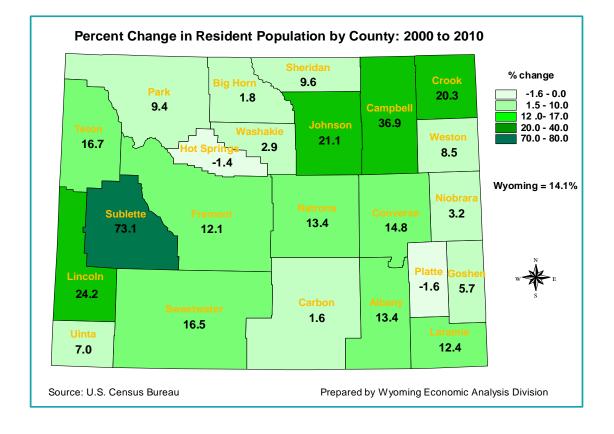
Note: Hispanic origin is considered an ethnicity, not a race. Hispanic may be of any race.

# Number and Percent Change of Population by Race and Hispanic Origin: 2000 to 2010

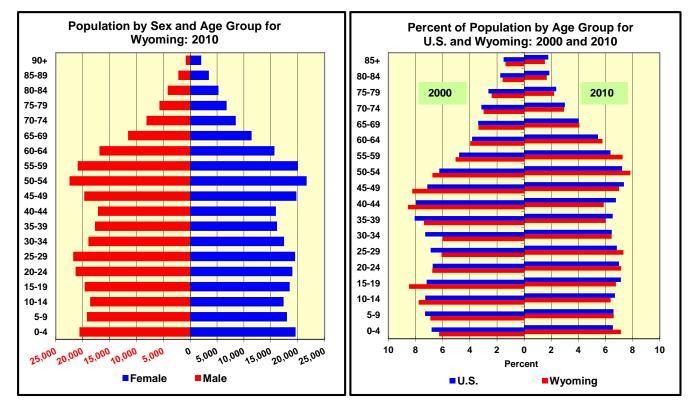
		Race										
					One Race American		Native Hawaiian					Minority (Total less
Area Name	Total Population	Total	White alone	Black or African American alone	Indian and Alaska Native alone	Asian alone	and Other Pacific Islander alone	Some Other Race alone	Two or More Races	Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	Non- Hispanic White alone	Non- Hispanic White alone)
U.S. (in thous.)	27,324	25,141	12,093	4,271	456	4,431	141	3,748	2,183	15,172	2,265	25,059
Wyoming	69,844	66,366	56,609	1,026	2,203	1,655	125	4,748	3,478	18,562	45,075	24,769
Albany	4,285	4,024	3,485	68	-46	476	3	38	261	805	2,793	1,492
Big Horn	207	232	232	13	14	15	-6	-36	-25	277	-92	299
Campbell	12,435	11,917	10,605	108	218	148	-7	845	518	2,420	9,331	3,104
Carbon	246	210	11	11	-39	4	5	218	36	505	-209	455
Converse	1,781	1,726	1,744	28	-4	9	4		55	207	1,560	221
Crook	1,196	1,157	1,123	11	-12	7	0	28	39		1,065	131
Fremont	4,319	3,980	2,425	57	1,451	51	1		339		1,984	2,335
Goshen	711	691	762	54	0	16	-3		20		479	
Hot Springs	-70	-79	-76	-5	-4	8	3		9		-64	
Johnson	1,494	1,512	1,402	8	47	30	0		-18		1,321	173
Laramie	10,131	9,414	8,642	124	185	199	53		717		6,219	3,912
Lincoln	3,533	3,485	3,124	18	63	24	-4				2,928	
Natrona	8,917	8,228	7,371	160	95	233	14		689		6,168	
Niobrara	77	55	37	2		6	0		22			
Park	2,419	2,257	2,079	33	46	52	12		162		1,734	685
Platte	-140	-154	-203	14	-6	17	3		14		-273	133
Sheridan	2,556	2,468	2,317	58	21	90	-10		88		1,997	559
Sublette	4,327	4,244	3,781	20	58	37	-4		83		3,551	776
Sweetwater	6,193 3,043	6,065 2,918	4,287 1,740	163 22	43 14	96 136	26 9		128 125		2,757 837	3,436 2,206
Teton Uinta	1,376	1,248	893	33	-4	7	23		123		486	
Washakie	244	223	317	13	-4	-13	1		21	211	400	
Weston	564	545	511	13	7	7	2		19		464	100
										-		
U.S.	9.7	9.2	5.7	12.3	18.4	43.3	35.4	24.4	32.0	43.0	1.2	28.8
Wyoming	14.1	13.7	12.5	27.6	19.8	59.7	41.4	38.6	39.2	58.6	10.3	45.0
Albany	13.4	12.9	11.9	19.2	-15.1	87.3	16.7	4.5	36.8	33.6	10.0	37.2
Big Horn	1.8	2.1	2.2	100.0	16.3	62.5	-75.0	-9.3	-15.0	39.2	-0.9	32.0
Campbell	36.9	35.8	32.8	211.8	69.6	137.0	-24.1	223.5	115.1	203.2	29.4	155.4
Carbon	1.6	1.4	0.1	10.5	-19.6	3.8	55.6	27.0	11.2	23.3	-1.6	16.6
Converse	14.8	14.5	15.3	155.6	-3.6	28.1	133.3		31.1	31.4	14.1	
Crook	20.3	19.8	19.5	366.7	-20.0	175.0	NA		88.6	161.1	18.6	82.9
Fremont	12.1	11.4	8.9	129.5	20.6	48.1	11.1	-1.2	42.7	44.6	7.4	25.6
Goshen	5.7	5.6	6.5	216.0	0.0	64.0	-20.0		14.0			
Hot Springs	-1.4	-1.6	-1.6	-29.4	-5.4	66.7	NA		14.3			
Johnson	21.1	21.7	20.4	133.3		375.0	NA		-16.1		19.5	
Laramie	12.4	11.8	11.9	5.8	26.7	25.6	59.6					
Lincoln	24.2	24.2	22.1	120.0	75.9	72.7	-50.0		27.6			
Natrona	13.4	12.6	11.8	31.7		84.1	56.0					
Niobrara	3.2	2.3	1.6	66.7		200.0	NA				1.0	
Park	9.4	8.8	8.4	143.5		45.6	92.3				7.1	47.9
Platte	-1.6	-1.8	-2.4	100.0	-13.6	113.3	150.0		12.5		-3.3	
Sheridan	9.6	9.4	9.1	118.4	6.2	88.2	-30.3					
Sublette	73.1	72.4	65.5	166.7		264.3	-80.0				62.2	
Sweetwater	16.5	16.5	12.4	59.3	11.3	40.0	162.5				8.4	
Teton	16.7	16.2	10.2	81.5		137.4	150.0				5.0	
Uinta	7.0	6.4	4.8	150.0	-2.3	13.0	176.9				2.7	58.1
Washakie	2.9	2.8	4.2	144.4	102.2	-21.3	NA					
Weston	8.5	8.3	8.0	162.5	8.3	53.8	200.0	8.1	18.6	57.7	7.4	28.9

Note: Hispanic origin is considered an ethnicity, not a race. Hispanic may be of any race.

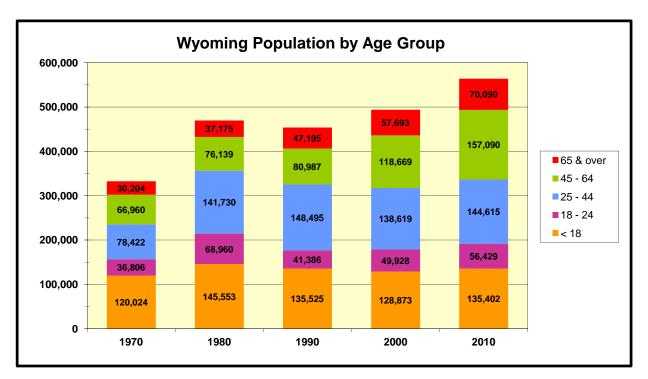


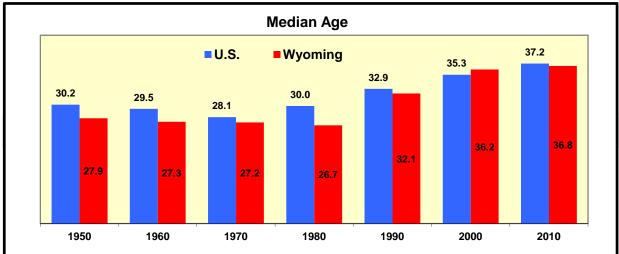


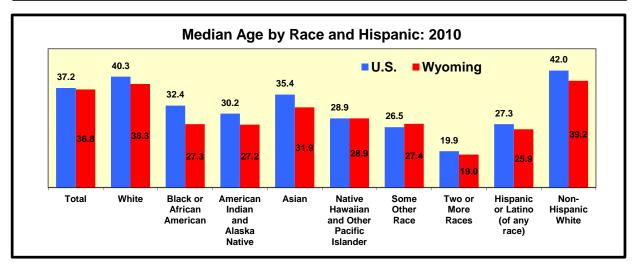
Age		2000			2010		Percent Change, 2000 to 2010			
Age	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	
All ages	493,782	248,374	245,408	563,626	287,437	276,189	14.1	15.7	12.5	
0 to 4	30,940	15,893	15,047	40,203	20,596	19,607	29.9	29.6	30.3	
5 to 9	34,127	17,524	16,603	37,213	19,203	18,010	9.0	9.6	8.5	
10 to 14	38,376	19,732	18,644	35,955	18,592	17,363	-6.3	-5.8	-6.9	
15 to 19	41,903	21,761	20,142	38,142	19,626	18,516	-9.0	-9.8	-8.1	
20 to 24	33,455	17,514	15,941	40,318	21,315	19,003	20.5	21.7	19.2	
25 to 29	30,084	15,614	14,470	41,276	21,752	19,524	37.2	39.3	34.9	
30 to 34	29,770	15,185	14,585	36,373	18,919	17,454	22.2	24.6	19.7	
35 to 39	36,482	18,032	18,450	33,861	17,702	16,159	-7.2	-1.8	-12.4	
40 to 44	42,283	21,210	21,073	33,105	17,149	15,956	-21.7	-19.1	-24.3	
45 to 49	40,701	20,651	20,050	39,472	19,713	19,759	-3.0	-4.5	-1.5	
50 to 54	33,378	17,299	16,079	44,105	22,450	21,655	32.1	29.8	34.7	
55 to 59	24,935	12,711	12,224	40,946	20,928	20,018	64.2	64.6	63.8	
60 to 64	19,655	9,871	9,784	32,567	16,878	15,689	65.7	71.0	60.4	
65 to 69	16,598	8,009	8,589	22,974	11,555	11,419	38.4	44.3	32.9	
70 to 74	14,745	7,010	7,735	16,594	8,126	8,468	12.5	15.9	9.5	
75 to 79	11,808	5,225	6,583	12,492	5,704	6,788	5.8	9.2	3.1	
80 to 84	7,807	3,116	4,691	9,428	4,176	5,252	20.8	34.0	12.0	
85 to 89	4,368	1,432	2,936	5,703	2,213	3,490	30.6	54.5	18.9	
90 to 94	1,818	480	1,338	2,236	699	1,537	23.0	45.6	14.9	
95 to 99	456	75	381	591	125	466	29.6	66.7	22.3	
100 & over	93	30	63	72	16	56	-22.6	-46.7	-11.1	
Median Age	36.2	35.3	37.1	36.8	36.0	37.7	1.7	2.0	1.6	



Source: U.S. Census Bureau





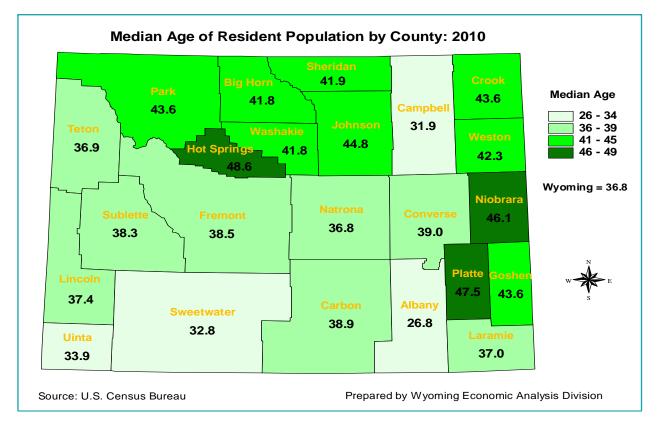


Source: U.S. Census Bureau

Area	Both sexes Male Fem		Female	Sex ratio*	Under 18 years		18 to 44 years		45 to 64 years		65 and older		Median
					Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	age
U.S. (in thous.)	308,746	151,781	156,964	96.7	74,181	24.0	112,807	36.5	81,489	26.4	40,268	13.0	37.2
Wyoming	563,626	287,437	276,189	104.1	135,402	24.0	201,044	35.7	157,090	27.9	70,090	12.4	36.8
Albany	36,299	18,897	17,402	108.6	6,037	16.6	19,780	54.5	7,316	20.2	3,166	8.7	26.8
Big Horn	11,668	5,882	5,786	101.7	3,013	25.8	3,235	27.7	3,312	28.4	2,108	18.1	41.8
Campbell	46,133	24,258	21,875	110.9	12,982	28.1	18,162	39.3	12,373	26.9	2,616	5.7	31.9
Carbon	15,885	8,553	7,332	116.7	3,751	23.6	5,376	33.7	4,714	29.8	2,044	12.9	38.9
Converse	13,833	7,017	6,816	102.9	3,512	25.4	4,468	32.3	4,077	29.5	1,776	12.8	39.0
Crook	7,083	3,648	3,435	106.2	1,689	23.8	1,984	28.1	2,260	31.9	1,150	16.2	43.6
Fremont	40,123	20,030	20,093	99.7	10,212	25.5	12,857	32.0	11,249	28.0	5,805	14.5	38.5
Goshen	13,249	6,906	6,343	108.9	2,701	20.4	4,154	31.4	3,894	29.3	2,500	18.9	43.6
Hot Springs	4,812	2,377	2,435	97.6	964	20.0	1,208	25.2	1,552	32.2	1,088	22.6	48.6
Johnson	8,569	4,365	4,204	103.8	1,896	22.1	2,406	28.1	2,679	31.3	1,588	18.5	44.8
Laramie	91,738	45,875	45,863	100.0	22,401	24.4	32,662	35.6	25,170	27.5	11,505	12.5	37.0
Lincoln	18,106	9,302	8,804	105.7	5,104	28.2	5,646	31.2	5,115	28.2	2,241	12.4	37.4
Natrona	75,450	37,982	37,468	101.4	18,020	23.9	27,142	36.0	20,896	27.7	9,392	12.4	36.8
Niobrara	2,484	1,159	1,325	87.5	470	18.9	735	29.6	766	30.8	513	20.7	46.1
Park	28,205	14,021	14,184	98.9	5,911	21.0	8,608	30.5	8,744	31.0	4,942	17.5	43.6
Platte	8,667	4,303	4,364	98.6	1,765	20.4	2,264	26.2	2,841	32.7	1,797	20.7	47.5
Sheridan	29,116	14,565	14,551	100.1	6,485	22.3	9,056	31.2	9,027	30.9	4,548	15.6	41.9
Sublette	10,247	5,550	4,697	118.2	2,428	23.7	3,635	35.4	3,145	30.8	1,039	10.1	38.3
Sweetwater	43,806	22,849	20,957	109.0	11,869	27.1	16,662	38.1	11,632	26.5	3,643	8.3	32.8
Teton	21,294	11,191	10,103	110.8	4,076	19.1	9,225	43.4	5,895	27.6	2,098	9.9	36.9
Uinta	21,118	10,662	10,456	102.0	6,371	30.2	7,114	33.7	5,759	27.2	1,874	8.9	33.9
Washakie	8,533	4,255	4,278	99.5	2,172	25.5	2,411	28.2	2,442	28.6	1,508	17.7	41.8
Weston	7,208	3,790	3,418	110.9	1,573	21.8	2,254	31.4	2,232	30.9	1,149	15.9	42.3

### Population by Sex and Selected Age Groups: 2010

\* Note: Sex ratio is calculated as the number of males per 100 females.



### **General Housing Characteristics: 2000 and 2010**

			Hous	ing Units in	Percent change, 2000 to 2010							
Area			Percent vacant for		Percent	Home owner	Renter	All		C	s	
	Total units	Percent vacant	second home*	Occupied units	owner- occupied	vacancy rate	vacancy rate	housing units	Vacant units	Total	Owner	Renter
	Total units	vacant	nome	units	occupieu	Tate	Tate	units	units	Total	Owner	Renter
U.S. (in thous.)	131,705	11.4	3.5	116,716	65.1	2.4	9.2	13.6	43.8	10.7	8.8	14.2
Wyoming	261,868	13.4	5.7	226,879	69.2	2.1	9.4	17.0	15.7	17.2	15.9	20.2
Albany	17,939	12.5	6.5	15,691	49.9	1.6	4.7	17.9	15.5	18.3	14.7	22.0
Big Horn	5,379	15.2	5.9	4,561	74.9	2.1	8.2	5.4	3.2	5.8	6.1	4.9
Campbell	18,955	9.4	1.9	17,172	73.3	2.0	13.0	42.6	64.9	40.7	40.1	42.2
Carbon	8,576	25.5	12.5	6,388	71.3	3.4	16.5	3.2	0.5	4.2	4.5	3.4
Converse	6,403	11.4	4.4	5,673	72.0	2.2	7.3	12.9	-25.1	20.9	17.5	30.4
Crook	3,595	18.7	11.5	2,921	79.3	1.6	8.2	22.5	7.5	26.6	25.6	30.5
Fremont	17,796	13.2	5.7	15,455	71.2	1.5	7.6	14.5	17.3	14.1	11.5	21.1
Goshen	5,972	11.1	2.4	5,311	70.4	2.4	6.1	1.5	-19.4	4.9	4.6	5.9
Hot Springs	2,582	15.4	5.7	2,185	69.9	2.0	9.7	1.8	-7.2	3.7	6.0	-1.3
Johnson	4,553	16.9	9.4	3,782	71.0	1.8	11.4	30.0	41.7	27.8	23.1	41.1
Laramie	40,462	7.1	0.9	37,576	68.0	1.9	6.7	18.3	26.2	17.7	15.8	22.0
Lincoln	8,946	23.3	13.3	6,861	78.9	4.2	17.8	31.0	33.2	30.3	26.4	47.2
Natrona	33,807	9.4	2.7	30,616	70.3	1.7	9.1	13.1	4.2	14.2	14.8	12.7
Niobrara	1,338	20.1	5.2	1,069	72.0	1.4	7.6	0.0	-17.7	5.7	4.5	9.1
Park	13,562	12.4	7.0	11,885	70.9	1.8	6.1	14.3	7.7	15.3	14.4	17.4
Platte	4,667	17.8	8.4	3,838	75.5	2.4	8.6	3.1	-8.2	5.9	5.2	8.0
Sheridan	13,939	11.3	4.8	12,360	68.8	1.7	7.8	10.8	12.0	10.7	10.6	11.0
Sublette	5,770	32.3	25.1	3,906	68.0	2.4	8.8	62.4	57.8	64.7	53.0	96.8
Sweetwater	18,735	12.1	1.6	16,475	72.1	2.8	16.8	17.7	24.4	16.8	12.1	30.8
Teton	12,813	30.0	22.1	8,973	56.6	2.6	13.5	24.8	48.9	16.7	20.6	12.0
Uinta	8,713	12.0	2.6	7,668	75.1	2.3	13.7	8.8	-12.0	12.4	12.1	13.2
Washakie	3,833	8.9	2.2	3,492	73.3	1.0	5.5	4.9	-9.3	6.5	6.8	5.7
Weston	3,533	14.5	3.5	3,021	77.8	2.6	10.3	9.3	-15.7	15.1	14.9	16.1

\* Note: Second home that is used for seasonal, recreational, or occasional purposes.

