Wyoming State Government Revenue Forecast

Fiscal Year 2009 - Fiscal Year 2014



General Fund Revenues
Severance Taxes
Federal Mineral Royalties
Total State Assessed Valuation
Common School Land Income

Consensus Revenue Estimating Group CREG

January 2009

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Members of the 60th Legislature

From: Buck McVeigh, Co-Chairman

Steve Sommers, Co-Chairman

Date: January 9, 2009

Subject: Wyoming Revenue Forecast

The Consensus Revenue Estimating Group (CREG) met on January 6, 2009. The attached revenue report provides the revised revenue forecasts and associated assumptions which resulted from that meeting. Please note the forecast covers FY 2009 through FY 2014.

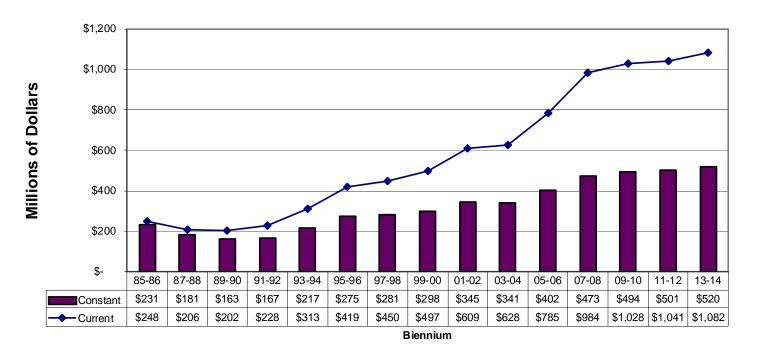
Revisions were made to three categories of revenue in this January report: mineral revenues including severance tax revenues and federal mineral royalties, sales and use tax revenues and investment income. As a consequence of these revisions, General Fund and Budget Reserve Account projections over the FY 2009-10 timeframe have been lowered when compared to October 2008 estimates. Projections of income from all other sources were left unchanged from the October 2008 CREG forecast.

General Fund and Budget Reserve Account Revenue Comparisons

Severance tax projections were revised downward to reflect the current economic downturn and accompanying demand destruction for energy commodities. Price levels for crude oil, natural gas, and coal were reduced from the levels forecasted in October. Those changes resulted in a \$253.2 million decrease to the FY 2009-10 estimate of severance taxes to the General Fund and Budget Reserve Account. Additionally, the Budget Reserve Account saw a reduction of \$234.7 million for the same timeframe as a result of lower federal mineral royalties.

Sales and use tax estimates were also lowered to reflect anticipated reductions in oil and gas employment and a lower rate of income growth. This revision resulted in a \$16.7 million decrease to the General Fund FY 2009-10 forecast.

Chart 1: Sales and Use Tax Revenues to the General Fund



Constant Dollars: Base is 1982-84

Challenged by continued market deterioration and growing uncertainty, investment income from the pooled investment accounts and the Permanent Wyoming Mineral Trust Fund (PWMTF) were reduced by \$146.0 million over the FY 2009-10 forecast period.

Bottom-line General Fund / Budget Reserve Account

The bottom line is that FY 2009-10 General Fund revenues are expected to be \$247.1 million less than projected in October, while FY 2009-10 Budget Reserve Account revenues are projected to be \$403.5 million lower. The reduction to total traditional funds available for appropriation for the FY 2009-10 biennium is \$650.6 million, as compared to levels shown in the October 2008 report.

FY 2009-10 General Fund Revenue/Budget Reserve Account Forecast Comparison

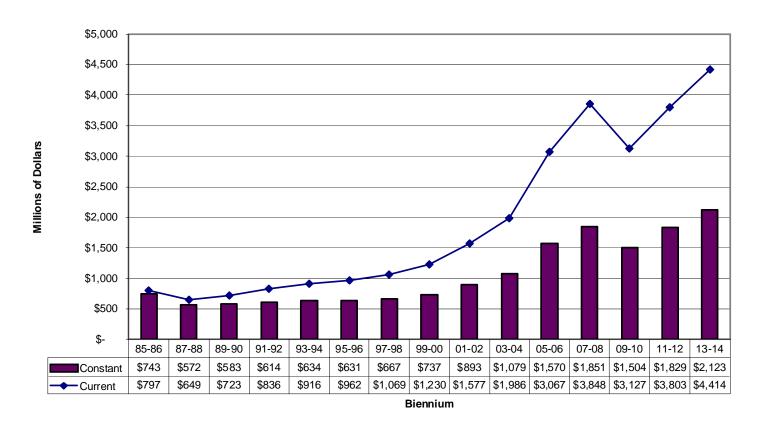
Revenue Source	October 2008	January 2009	Difference	
	Forecast	Forecast		
	FY 2009-10	FY 2009-10		
Sales and Use Taxes	\$1,044.4 M	\$1,027.7 M	-\$16.7 M	
Severance Taxes	\$1,127.8 M	\$874.6 M	-\$253.2 M	
Fed. Mineral Royalties	\$975.8 M	\$741.1 M	-\$234.7 M	
Investment Income	\$370.3 M	\$224.3 M	-\$146.0 M	
All Other	\$252.6 M	\$252.6 M	\$0.0 M	
Total GF/BRA revenues	\$4,554.1 M	\$3,903.5 M	-\$650.6 M	

While this combined \$650.6 million decrease in General Fund and Budget Reserve Account revenues is significant, it is important to note that this decrease is in 2009-10 forecasted revenues only, and has no impact on the actual revenues carried over from the 2007-08 biennium. As shown below, the \$507.65 million in actual FY 2008 revenue that exceeded FY 2008 projections is not impacted by this forecast. This amount is included in the table below with this \$650.6 million decrease in 2009-10 biennium forecasted revenues to arrive at the current total funds available based on the revenues from this forecast. Please note that approximately \$248.4 million of the \$507.65 million carryover will have to be used to fund appropriations made during the 2008 Budget Session, leaving \$259.25 million available for appropriation during the 2009 General Session.

FY 2009-10 Bottom-Line Funds Available

FY08 Actual Carryover Increase	\$507.65 M
Plus: Projected Increase in Revenues - October CREG	\$402.20 M
Projected Increase in Funds Available – October CREG	\$909.85 M
Decrease in Projected GF/BRA Revenues – January CREG	<u>-\$650.60 M</u>
Total Funds Available GF/BRA – January 2009 CREG	\$259.25 M

Chart 2: General Fund / Budget Reserve Account Revenues



Mineral Price and Production Assumptions

Since the October 2008 CREG report was issued, national and international economic downturns have had significant negative impacts on mineral price levels. Adjustments in this update affect commodity prices, but not projected production levels

Benchmark crude oil prices in the first week of January 2009 were less than one-third of the levels seen in July 2008, only six months earlier. The forecasted price of oil during the next three years has been significantly reduced. Prices are expected to gradually recover over the forecast timeframe to the previous levels anticipated in October. A summary of changes to forecasted oil prices is shown in the following table:

Comparison of Oil Price Forecasts: \$/bbl.

Calendar Year	October '08 Forecast	January '09 Forecast
2008	\$90.00	\$90.00
2009	\$75.00	\$40.00
2010	\$75.00	\$50.00
2011	\$75.00	\$60.00
2012	\$75.00	\$70.00

Natural gas prices have similarly declined from peak levels reached in the summer, in a very uncharacteristic inversion of the historically typical low summer/high winter pricing patterns. This report reflects significantly reduced natural gas prices in the calendar year 2009-2011 timeframe, as compared to the levels expected in the October report. Similarly to the expectations for oil, natural gas prices are forecasted to recover gradually through 2012, at which point they begin to slightly exceed the levels of the previous forecast. Following is a summary of the natural gas price assumptions:

Comparison of Natural Gas Price Forecasts: \$/mcf

Calendar Year	October '08 Forecast	January '09 Forecast
2008	\$6.50	\$6.50
2009	\$5.50	\$3.75
2010	\$5.50	\$4.25
2011	\$5.50	\$4.75
2012	\$5.50	\$5.25

Consistent with the market conditions affecting oil and natural gas, coal prices seem to have reached a plateau, and contract lengths have been shrinking. This forecast includes that price plateau during the calendar year 2009-2011 period, and returns to the levels of the October forecast by calendar year 2012. Following is a summary of the coal price assumptions:

Comparison of Coal Price Forecasts: \$/ton

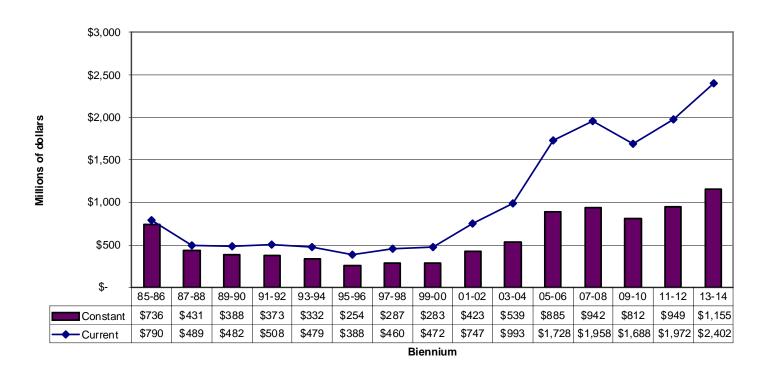
Calendar Year	October '08 Forecast	January '09 Forecast
2008	\$11.06	\$11.06
2009	\$11.54	\$11.06
2010	\$12.02	\$11.54
2011	\$12.50	\$12.02
2012	\$12.50	\$12.50

Estimates for trona, uranium and miscellaneous minerals were left unchanged from levels projected in October 2008.

Bottom-line Severance Tax Revenues

The revisions to the October 2008 forecast of oil, natural gas, and coal prices contained in this report result in reductions to the overall severance tax forecast in the FY 2009-10 biennium of \$441.3 million, and \$257.3 million in the FY 2011-12 biennium. Those reductions are shared by three accounts: The General Fund, which loses \$84.4 million in the FY 2009-10 biennium and \$49.5 million in the FY 2011-12 biennium; the Budget Reserve Account, which loses \$168.8 million in the FY 2009-10 biennium and \$98.9 million in the FY 2011-12 biennium; and the Permanent Wyoming Mineral Trust Fund, which loses \$188.1 million in the FY 2009-10 biennium and \$108.9 million in the FY 2011-12 biennium.

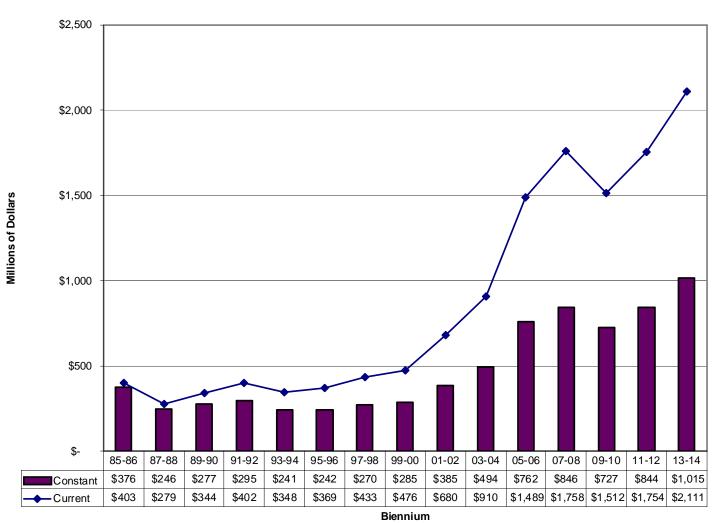
Chart 3: Severance Tax Revenues to All Accounts



Federal Mineral Royalties

Federal Mineral Royalty (FMR) revenue estimates are reduced from the levels forecasted in October 2008 for the same reasons that severance tax estimates are reduced. Lower oil, natural gas, and coal prices result in \$352.2 million less royalty income in the FY 2009-10 biennium, and \$209.2 million less in the FY 2011-12 biennium. Those totals are shared between the Budget Reserve Account, which is projected to receive \$234.7 million less in FY 2009-10 and \$139.4 million less in FY 2011-12, and the School Foundation Program Account, which loses \$117.5 million in FY 2009-10, and \$69.8 million in FY 2011-12.

Chart 4: Federal Mineral Royalty Revenues to All Accounts (Coal Lease Bonus Revenues Not Included)



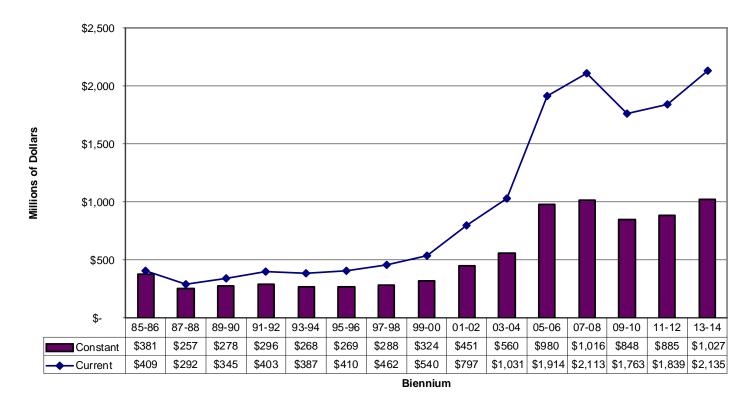
Coal Lease Bonuses

No changes were made to assumptions regarding income from coal lease bonuses. The members of CREG will continue to monitor coal lease sales, and include any additional bonus information in future reports.

Distribution of Coal Lease Bonus Revenues FY 2009-14 (Millions of dollars, rounded to nearest \$100 thousand)

Fiscal Year	Cities and Towns – Capcon	Highway Fund	Community Colleges	School Capital Construction	TOTAL
2009	\$5.6	\$1.9	\$1.6	\$199.8	\$208.9
2010	\$5.6	\$1.9	\$1.6	\$ 33.4	\$ 42.5
2011	\$5.6	\$1.9	\$1.6	\$ 33.4	\$ 42.5
2012	\$5.6	\$1.9	\$1.6	\$ 33.4	\$ 42.5
2013	\$5.6	\$1.9	\$1.6	\$ 15.5	\$ 24.6
2014	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown

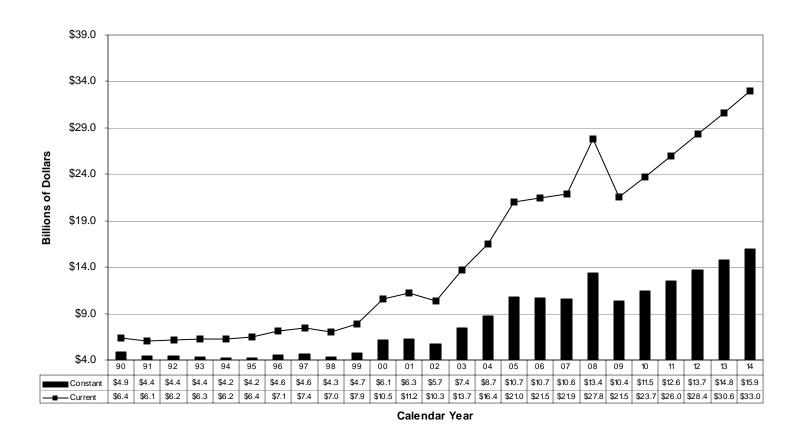
Chart 5: Total Federal Mineral Royalty and Coal Lease Bonus Revenues to All Accounts



State Total Assessed Valuation

The state assessed valuation is based on mineral price and production estimates provided in this report, and estimates of assessed valuation for all other property are based on historical trends. No changes were made to the assumptions that produce the estimates for state assessed valuations, aside from the previously mentioned mineral price changes. The reduction in oil, natural gas, and coal prices resulted in approximately 18.3% less assessed value in calendar year 2009, 13% less in calendar year 2010, 7.9% less in calendar year 2011, and 2.4% less in calendar year 2012, when compared with the October 2008 report.

Chart 6: Total Assessed Valuation



Common School Land Income

No income is expected from the Common School Permanent Land Fund investments in FY 2009. The October 2008 projection for this income was \$26.8 million. In FY 2010, investment income is expected to reach \$29.4 million, which is \$26.9 million less than the previous forecast. As with investment income to the General Fund, lowered federal funds rates have reduced yields on the cash investments, and nearly all the other asset classes contained in the state investment portfolios currently have significantly lower values than they did at the time the October report was issued. Recoveries are expected in the financial and real estate markets in Fiscal Years 2011 and 2012, therefore the investment income forecasts for those years remain unchanged from October levels at \$61.9 million and \$66.8 million, respectively.

Common School Land Income History: (Millions of current dollars)

(Minions of current donars)					
Fiscal Year	Total				
1998	\$68.1				
1999*	\$88.4				
2000	\$69.0				
2001	\$67.7				
2002	\$46.7				
2003	\$45.4				
2004	\$61.7				
2005	\$69.3				
2006	\$66.7				
2007	\$81.0				
2008	\$161.4				

^{*}The FY 1999 total contains 15 months of income due to a change in statute, which distributes income monthly rather than semi-annually.

Common School Land Income Forecast: (Millions of current dollars)

(Ivinions of carrent donals)								
Fiscal Year	Investment Income	Fees and Leases	Total					
2009	\$ 0.0	\$16.0	\$16.0					
2010	\$29.4	\$16.0	\$45.4					
2011	\$61.9	\$16.0	\$77.9					
2012	\$66.8	\$16.0	\$82.8					
2013	\$71.2	\$16.0	\$87.2					
2014	\$75.3	\$16.0	\$91.3					

There were no other revisions to the forecasts contained in the October 2008 report. As always, CREG will continue to monitor the revenue issues and keep you informed.

Appendix Tables:

Table 1:	General Fund Revenues - Fiscal Year Collections by Source
Table 2:	General Fund Revenues - Biennial Collections by Source
Table 3:	Severance Tax Assumptions - Price and Production Levels
Table 4:	Mineral Severance Taxes - Fiscal Year Distribution by Account
Table 5:	Mineral Severance Taxes - Biennial Distribution by Account
Table 6:	Mineral Severance Taxes to All Accounts - FY Distribution by Mineral
Table 7:	Federal Mineral Royalties Including Coal Lease Bonuses - Fiscal Year Distribution by Account
Table 8:	Federal Mineral Royalties Including Coal Lease Bonuses - Biennial Distribution by Account
Table 9:	Total State Assessed Valuation

Table 1 General Fund Revenues Fiscal Year Collections by Source

Fiscal Year	Severance Tax	Sales and Use Tax	PWMTF Income (1)	Pooled Income	Charges - Sales and Services	Franchise Tax	Revenue from Others	Penalties and Interest (2)	Federal Aid and Grants	All Other (3),(4),(5)	Total
Historical:			(1)					(2)		(3),(4),(3)	
								**	** ***		
1985	\$114,073,554	\$122,775,371	\$67,503,145	\$32,651,464	\$8,548,722	\$9,050,457	\$11,672,773	\$1,562,780	\$2,410,805	\$26,278,508	\$396,527,579
1986	\$108,161,416	\$124,953,020	\$72,422,463	\$36,649,075	\$10,974,082	\$11,855,504	\$9,041,977	\$810,434	\$449,693	\$17,141,273	\$392,458,937
1987	\$68,877,091	\$101,973,188	\$74,082,280	\$23,784,074	\$9,988,837	\$20,008,170	\$13,879,719	\$944,386	\$839,554	\$20,480,750	\$334,858,049
1988	\$66,290,953	\$103,639,207	\$72,641,330	\$17,777,912	\$9,891,087	\$10,440,346	\$7,743,053	\$811,290	\$519,602	\$15,326,971	\$305,081,751
1989	\$65,367,573	\$99,708,266	\$71,052,004	\$15,393,558	\$11,398,481	\$10,499,179	\$9,468,713	\$1,217,875	\$1,012,708	\$14,405,473	\$299,523,830
1990	\$73,864,746	\$102,252,096	\$86,158,060	\$51,598,408	\$10,623,799	\$10,881,256	\$7,380,639	\$2,764,571	\$741,608	\$16,814,383	\$363,079,566
1991	\$78,889,482	\$111,366,871	\$94,158,421	\$40,114,352	\$10,436,327	\$13,321,463	\$8,631,598	\$3,469,433	\$2,565,637	\$17,464,332	\$380,417,916
1992	\$67,713,268	\$116,406,047	\$92,724,655	\$53,947,753	\$13,488,336	\$12,353,440	\$11,455,456	\$4,149,286	\$4,483,988	\$11,701,269	\$388,423,498
1993	\$65,814,526	\$125,383,480	\$88,342,154	\$26,054,629	\$14,621,580	\$12,811,231	\$8,464,892	\$3,304,417	\$7,368,651	\$10,789,229	\$362,954,789
1994	\$65,235,499	\$187,419,645	\$86,042,101	\$22,414,934	\$15,306,680	\$12,684,658	\$14,244,237	\$4,630,812	\$7,799,017	\$33,186,280	\$448,963,863
1995	\$56,478,509	\$209,710,060	\$85,608,439	\$27,163,995	\$16,043,934	\$13,800,083	\$4,071,087	\$9,539,220	\$10,570,977	\$12,072,088	\$445,058,392
1996	\$61,649,241	\$208,985,935	\$86,526,776	\$27,187,921	\$16,660,919	\$12,536,616	\$3,998,696	\$2,007,193	\$11,110,620	\$13,818,622	\$444,482,539
1997	\$70,906,043	\$215,183,851	\$92,221,049	\$24,230,603	\$17,795,890	\$13,458,008	\$5,198,340	\$5,601,208	\$11,866,009	\$12,326,030	\$468,787,031
1998	\$69,557,973	\$234,725,638	\$101,277,447	\$23,368,069	\$18,171,735	\$13,320,789	\$5,979,414	\$6,766,153	\$10,557,300	\$16,563,929	\$500,288,447
1999	\$58,924,423	\$234,725,590	\$106,845,392	\$25,322,337	\$20,333,143	\$11,438,251	\$7,009,009	\$5,873,055	\$10,293,095	\$19,488,056	\$500,252,351
2000	\$83,616,343	\$262,338,523	\$117,485,136	\$26,191,754	\$18,799,203	\$13,628,848	\$14,829,611	\$5,809,027	\$8,189,111	\$64,712,342	\$615,599,898
2001	\$139,104,484	\$296,341,913	\$97,378,092	\$34,849,907	\$20,569,692	\$15,029,401	\$10,085,700	\$6,612,961	\$10,946,298	\$21,301,693	\$652,220,141
2002	\$117,185,445	\$313,077,987	\$90,510,496	\$29,114,751	\$20,858,833	\$17,099,710	\$7,532,683	\$6,359,976	\$8,878,403	\$27,328,449	\$637,946,733
2003	\$149,549,109	\$300,953,910	\$58,647,855	\$19,214,275	\$20,467,084	\$19,598,042	\$8,199,193	\$10,131,822	\$10,590,119	\$27,332,601	\$624,684,010
2004	\$184,408,599	\$326,625,269	\$98,110,315	\$28,716,923	\$24,260,907	\$21,745,077	\$5,315,629	\$9,031,984	\$11,651,917	\$34,686,832	\$744,553,452
2005	\$225,275,895	\$363,846,232	\$87,789,396	\$39,340,611	\$26,460,644	\$23,962,541	\$5,674,323	\$11,571,551	\$8,313,378	\$41,702,561	\$833,937,132
2006	\$240,254,868	\$421,438,545	\$123,952,616	\$65,048,984	\$24,733,817	\$24,889,058	\$5,842,094	\$17,153,208	\$10,264,260	\$42,493,736	\$976,071,186
2007	\$213,964,458	\$479,072,573	\$150,487,083	\$90,590,111	\$29,478,126	\$28,164,990	\$6,301,203	\$15,248,945	\$10,830,645	\$46,156,155	\$1,070,294,289
2008	\$257,859,263	\$504,711,048	\$321,357,789	\$105,567,137	\$30,458,234	\$26,251,292	\$10,704,460	\$6,443,234	\$9,819,073	\$46,743,278	\$1,319,914,808
Projected:											
2009	\$214,800,000	\$521,900,000	\$4,200,000	\$74,000,000	\$32,100,000	\$20,800,000	\$10,500,000	\$8,000,000	\$9,800,000	\$45,100,000	\$941,200,000
2010	\$207,700,000	\$505,800,000	\$78,800,000	\$67,300,000	\$32,100,000	\$20,800,000	\$10,500,000	\$8,000,000	\$9,800,000	\$45,100,000	\$985,900,000
2011	\$228,400,000	\$514,300,000	\$154,900,000	\$114,600,000	\$32,100,000	\$20,800,000	\$10,500,000	\$8,000,000	\$9,800,000	\$45,100,000	\$1,138,500,000
2012			A1 55 200 000	#120 con one	£22 100 000	\$20,800,000	\$10,500,000	\$8,000,000	\$9,800,000	¢45 100 000	
	\$249,800,000	\$526,800,000	\$167,300,000	\$120,600,000	\$32,100,000	\$20,800,000	\$10,500,000	\$6,000,000	\$9,800,000	\$45,100,000	\$1,190,800,000
2013	\$249,800,000 \$270,500,000	\$526,800,000 \$536,600,000	\$167,300,000 \$180,900,000	\$120,600,000	\$32,100,000	\$20,800,000	\$10,500,000	\$8,000,000	\$9,800,000	\$45,100,000	\$1,190,800,000

- (1) Chapter 14, 2000 Session Laws established an investment income spending policy for the Permanent Wyoming Mineral Trust Fund (PWMTF). Investment earnings from the PWMTF in excess of the spending policy are appropriated from the General Fund to the Permanent Wyoming Mineral Trust Fund Reserve Account (PWMTFRA). The PWMTF income amounts shown in the table above reflect total investment earnings from the PWMTF, including the investment earnings in excess of the spending policy amounts appropriated to the PWMTFRA. PWMTF income exceeded the spending policy amount by \$10,598,474 in FY04, by \$19,485,440 in FY06, by \$32,869,204 in FY07, and by \$185,102,897 in FY08. PWMTF income is projected to be less than the spending policy amount in FY09-FY14.
- (2) Total revenues in this category in FY95 included interest received during the GAAP transition period and an additional \$2.8 million from an oil audit settlement. An additional \$4.1 million is included in this category in FY06 from a natural gas settlement and \$4.3 million is included in FY07 resulting from a recent supreme court decision.
- (3) This category includes all 1200 series tax revenue, except sales and use taxes; Inheritance Tax (revenue code 1401); License & Permit Fees (2000 revenue series); Property & Money Use Fees (4000 revenue series, excluding investment income); and Non-Revenue Receipts (9000 revenue series). The Inheritance Tax total for FY94 included \$21.0 million in revenue from a single estate settlement, and in FY00 it totaled \$50.8 million.
- (4) Inheritance Taxes are included at diminishing rates beginning in FY 2004, due to federal legislation. Inheritance tax is forecasted at \$500,000 per year throughout the forecast period.
- (5) Chapter 52, 2003 Sessions Laws increased cigarette taxes by \$.48 per pack, and directed this increase to the General Fund until June 30, 2006. Chapter 22, 2005 Session Laws removed the June 30, 2006 sunset date, thereby permanently directing this tax increase to the General Fund.

January 2009

Table 2
General Fund Revenues
Biennial Collections by Source

Biennium	Severance Tax	Sales and Use Tax	PWMTF Income	Pooled Income	Charges - Sales and Services	Franchise Tax	Revenue from Others	Penalties and Interest	Federal Aid and Grants	All Other	Total
			(1)					(2)		(3),(4), (5)	
Historical:											
1985-86	\$222,234,970	\$247,728,391	\$139,925,608	\$69,300,539	\$19,522,804	\$20,905,961	\$20,714,750	\$2,373,214	\$2,860,498	\$43,419,781	\$788,986,516
1987-88	\$135,168,044	\$205,612,395	\$146,723,610	\$41,561,986	\$19,879,924	\$30,448,516	\$21,622,772	\$1,755,676	\$1,359,156	\$35,807,721	\$639,939,800
1989-90	\$139,232,319	\$201,960,362	\$157,210,064	\$66,991,966	\$22,022,280	\$21,380,435	\$16,849,352	\$3,982,446	\$1,754,316	\$31,219,856	\$662,603,396
1991-92	\$146,602,750	\$227,772,918	\$186,883,076	\$94,062,105	\$23,924,663	\$25,674,903	\$20,087,054	\$7,618,719	\$7,049,625	\$29,165,601	\$768,841,414
1993-94	\$131,050,025	\$312,803,125	\$174,384,255	\$48,469,563	\$29,928,260	\$25,495,889	\$22,709,129	\$7,935,229	\$15,167,668	\$43,975,509	\$811,918,652
1995-96	\$118,127,750	\$418,695,995	\$172,135,215	\$54,351,916	\$32,704,853	\$26,336,699	\$8,069,783	\$11,546,413	\$21,681,597	\$25,890,710	\$889,540,931
1997-98	\$140,464,016	\$449,909,489	\$193,498,496	\$47,598,672	\$35,967,625	\$26,778,797	\$11,177,754	\$12,367,361	\$22,423,309	\$28,889,959	\$969,075,478
1999-00	\$142,540,766	\$497,064,113	\$224,330,528	\$51,514,091	\$39,132,346	\$25,067,099	\$21,838,620	\$11,682,082	\$18,482,206	\$84,200,398	\$1,115,852,249
2001-02	\$256,289,929	\$609,419,900	\$187,888,588	\$63,964,658	\$41,428,525	\$32,129,111	\$17,618,383	\$12,972,937	\$19,824,701	\$48,630,142	\$1,290,166,874
2003-04	\$333,957,708	\$627,579,179	\$156,758,170	\$47,931,198	\$44,727,991	\$41,343,119	\$13,514,822	\$19,163,806	\$22,242,036	\$62,019,433	\$1,369,237,462
2005-06	\$465,530,763	\$785,284,777	\$211,742,012	\$104,389,595	\$51,194,461	\$48,851,599	\$11,516,417	\$28,724,759	\$18,577,638	\$84,196,297	\$1,810,008,318
2007-08	\$471,823,721	\$983,783,621	\$471,844,872	\$196,157,248	\$59,936,360	\$54,416,282	\$17,005,663	\$21,692,179	\$20,649,718	\$92,899,433	\$2,390,209,097
Projected:											
2009-10	\$422,500,000	\$1,027,700,000	\$83,000,000	\$141,300,000	\$64,200,000	\$41,600,000	\$21,000,000	\$16,000,000	\$19,600,000	\$90,200,000	\$1,927,100,000
								. , ,			
2011-12	\$478,200,000	\$1,041,100,000	\$322,200,000	\$235,200,000	\$64,200,000	\$41,600,000	\$21,000,000	\$16,000,000	\$19,600,000	\$90,200,000	\$2,329,300,000
2013-14	\$561,100,000	\$1,081,500,000	\$377,400,000	\$264,600,000	\$64,200,000	\$41,600,000	\$21,000,000	\$16,000,000	\$19,600,000	\$90,200,000	\$2,537,200,000

- (1) Chapter 14, 2000 Session Laws established an investment income spending policy for the Permanent Wyoming Mineral Trust Fund (PWMTF). Investment earnings from the PWMTF in excess of the spending policy are appropriated from the General Fund to the Permanent Wyoming Mineral Trust Fund Reserve Account (PWMTFRA). The PWMTF income amounts show in the table above reflect total investment earnings from the PWMTF, including the investment earnings in excess of the spending policy amounts appropriated to the PWMTFRA. PWMTF income exceeded the spending policy amount by \$10,598,474 in FY04, by \$19,485,440 in FY06, by \$32,869,204 in FY07, and by \$185,102,897 in FY08. PWMTF income is projected to be less than the spending policy amount in FY09-FY14.
- (2) Total revenues in this category in FY95 included interest received during the GAAP transition period and an additional \$2.8 million from an oil audit settlement. An additional \$4.1 million is included in this category in FY06 from a natural gas settlement and \$4.3 million is included in FY07 resulting from a recent supreme court decision.
- (3) This category includes all 1200 series tax revenue, except sales and use taxes; Inheritance Tax (revenue code 1401); License & Permit Fees (2000 revenue series); Property & Money Use Fees (4000 revenue series, excluding investment income); and Non-Revenue Receipts (9000 revenue series). The Inheritance Tax total for FY94 included \$21.0 million in revenue from a single estate settlement, and in FY00 it totaled \$50.8 million.
- (4) Inheritance Taxes are included at diminishing rates beginning in FY 2004, due to federal legislation. Inheritance tax is forecasted at \$500,000 per year throughout the forecast period.
- (5) Chapter 52, 2003 Sessions Laws increased cigarette taxes by \$.48 per pack, and directed this increase to the General Fund until June 30, 2006. Chapter 22, 2005 Session Laws removed the June 30, 2006 sunset date, thereby permanently directing this tax increase to the General Fund.

Table 3
Severance Tax Assumptions:
Price & Production Levels for
Major Mineral Commodities

	Crude Oil (1)		Natural Gas (2)		Co	al (3)	Trona (4)	
Calendar		Production		Production		Production		Production
Year	Price	(Bbls)	Price	(Mcf)	Price	(Tons)	Price	(Tons)
2008	\$90.00	52,000,000	\$6.50	2,466,300,000	\$11.06	465,200,000	\$67.00	20,200,000
2009	\$40.00	52,000,000	\$3.75	2,540,300,000	\$11.06	470,200,000	\$67.00	20,500,000
2010	\$50.00	51,500,000	\$4.25	2,616,500,000	\$11.54	475,400,000	\$67.00	20,800,000
2011	\$60.00	51,000,000	\$4.75	2,695,000,000	\$12.02	480,500,000	\$67.00	21,100,000
2012	\$70.00	50,500,000	\$5.25	2,775,900,000	\$12.50	485,800,000	\$67.00	21,400,000
2013	\$80.00	50,000,000	\$5.75	2,859,200,000	\$12.50	490,600,000	\$67.00	21,700,000
2014	\$90.00	49,500,000	\$6.25	2,945,000,000	\$12.50	495,500,000	\$67.00	22,000,000

- (1) Price is the average gross sales price for all Wyoming oil production. Production is the total volume of all oil produced in Wyoming, including stripper, tertiary, other oil, and lease condensate.
- (2) Price is the average gross sales price for all Wyoming natural gas production. Production is the total volume of all gas produced in Wyoming, including methane, carbon dioxide, natural gas liquids, and all other related products.
- (3) Price is the average gross sales price for all Wyoming coal production. Production is the total volume of all coal produced in Wyoming, including surface and underground.
- (4) Price is the average gross sales price for all Wyoming trona production. Production is the total volume of all trona ore produced in Wyoming.

Table 4
Mineral Severance Taxes
Fiscal Year Distribution by Account

Cities, Towns,

											Co	ounties and Spec	ial		
Fiscal	General	Budget					Highway	Cities and		School	Community	Districts Capital	State Aid		
Year	Fund	Reserve Acct	PWMTF	Water I	Water II	Water III	Fund	Towns	Counties	Foundation	Colleges	Construction	County Roads	Others	Totals
			(1)			(2)	(3),(4)			(3),(4)	(3)	(2)		(5),(6)	(7)
Historical:															
1985	\$114,073,554	\$0	\$131,436,950	\$17,709,763	\$7,622,990	\$0	\$54,486,217	\$34,303,455	\$11,434,485	\$5,975,613	\$1,991,871	\$0	\$0	\$24,086,061	\$403,120,959
1986	\$108,161,416	\$0	\$124,573,236	\$18,537,216	\$6,997,815	\$0	\$53,014,698	\$31,490,163	\$10,496,721	\$6,196,348	\$2,065,449	\$0	\$0	\$25,261,493	\$386,794,555
1987	\$68,877,091	\$0	\$62,469,489	\$16,361,733	\$3,892,548	\$0	\$37,444,600	\$17,516,463	\$5,838,821	\$5,418,204	\$1,806,068	\$0	\$0	\$39,708,784	\$259,333,801
1988	\$66,290,953	\$2,717,761	\$58,617,466	\$14,929,958	\$3,951,729	\$0	\$35,729,596	\$17,782,778	\$5,927,593	\$4,993,669	\$1,664,556	\$0	\$0	\$17,027,524	\$229,633,583
1989	\$65,367,573	\$28,355,082	\$50,788,173	\$15,526,962	\$3,839,681	\$0	\$36,510,014	\$17,278,565	\$5,759,522	\$5,317,075	\$1,772,358	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$230,515,005
1990	\$73,864,746	\$31,525,285	\$56,348,413	\$15,472,960	\$4,366,001	\$0	\$32,897,511	\$19,647,004	\$6,549,001	\$5,548,483	\$1,849,494	\$0	\$0	\$3,309,044	\$251,377,942
1991	\$78,889,482	\$33,252,405	\$59,532,144	\$16,226,268	\$4,677,947	\$0	\$34,650,567	\$21,050,761	\$7,016,920	\$5,713,598	\$1,904,533	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$262,914,625
1992	\$67,713,268	\$31,428,737	\$53,234,067	\$20,548,813	\$3,773,409	\$0	\$34,412,199	\$16,980,339	\$5,660,113	\$6,481,843	\$2,160,614	\$0	\$0	\$2,904,537	\$245,297,939
1993	\$65,814,526	\$44,976,123	\$53,381,267	\$16,157,633	\$3,885,335	\$0	\$21,617,005	\$17,484,005	\$5,828,002	\$16,083,054	\$1,969,302	\$0	\$0	\$6,768,414	\$253,964,666
1994	\$65,235,499	\$39,069,045	\$51,963,898	\$15,872,306	\$3,797,888	\$0	\$18,230,924	\$17,090,389	\$5,696,796	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$7,902,361	\$224,859,106
1995	\$56,478,509	\$26,476,699	\$43,376,204	\$15,674,745	\$2,825,089	\$0	\$10,318,318	\$12,712,811	\$4,917,916	\$97,164	\$32,388	\$1,566,875	\$2,449,126	\$7,330,216	\$184,256,060
1996	\$61,649,241	\$29,841,991	\$48,754,014	\$17,115,874	\$3,119,263	\$0	\$6,753,451	\$14,036,621	\$5,779,890	\$36,438	\$12,146	\$4,876,813	\$3,963,660	\$7,630,161	\$203,569,563
1997	\$70,906,043	\$33,499,478	\$56,747,014	\$16,902,063	\$3,908,387	\$0	\$7,572,081	\$17,587,656	\$7,135,927	\$12,442	\$4,147	\$5,334,713	\$4,584,152	\$8,584,975	\$232,779,078
1998	\$69,557,973	\$33,150,457	\$54,876,669	\$19,794,771	\$3,400,755	\$0	\$7,117,864	\$15,303,290	\$6,384,654	\$111,632	\$37,211	\$3,293,381	\$4,487,973	\$10,018,785	\$227,535,415
1999	\$58,924,423	\$28,164,693	\$48,664,636	\$18,123,904	\$2,753,030	\$0	\$0	\$12,388,590	\$5,321,530	\$4,814,813	\$3,974	\$3,395,400	\$4,438,397	\$9,465,814	\$196,459,204
2000	\$83,616,343	\$39,082,122	\$69,719,687	\$18,040,045	\$4,779,071	\$0	\$9,108,600	\$21,506,037	\$8,559,273	\$1,415,109	\$901	\$4,346,563	\$4,898,265	\$10,050,960	\$275,122,976
2001	\$139,104,482	\$57,915,048	\$112,995,802	\$20,783,056	\$9,391,114	\$0	\$28,530,106	\$33,130,343	\$15,640,647	\$24,070	\$2,674	\$4,982,504	\$5,593,506	\$19,879,926	\$447,973,278
2002	\$117,185,445	\$39,270,594	\$72,269,085	\$19,319,789	\$3,435,755	\$0	\$7,435,471	\$15,101,587	\$6,334,307	\$0	\$0	\$4,386,530	\$4,495,040	\$10,200,358	\$299,433,961
2003	\$149,549,109	\$105,317,276	\$104,690,345	\$19,242,468	\$3,323,943	\$0	\$6,950,287	\$14,628,852	\$6,136,020	\$0	\$0	\$4,400,000	\$4,500,000	\$10,387,922	\$429,126,222
2004	\$184,408,599	\$171,441,376	\$136,108,467	\$19,858,973	\$3,412,847	\$0	\$7,717,057	\$15,004,762	\$6,293,694	\$0	\$0	\$4,386,528	\$4,495,031	\$10,439,594	\$563,566,928
2005	\$225,275,895	\$251,580,640	\$176,579,787	\$19,274,886	\$3,570,457	\$0	\$7,958,111	\$15,671,001	\$6,573,145	\$0	\$0	\$4,386,525	\$4,495,025	\$11,291,382	\$726,656,854
2006	\$240,254,868	\$279,579,500	\$406,945,374	\$19,200,918	\$3,660,548	\$775,114	\$8,269,185	\$16,162,339	\$6,622,389	\$0	\$0	\$3,611,540	\$4,495,031	\$11,500,112	\$1,001,076,918
2007	\$213,964,458	\$228,678,827	\$346,588,461	\$20,038,040	\$3,493,592	\$775,143	\$8,159,373	\$15,410,957	\$6,371,940	\$0	\$0	\$3,611,545	\$4,495,042	\$12,211,542	\$863,798,920
2008	\$257,859,263	\$323,214,288	\$443,081,307	\$19,297,547	\$3,229,980	\$775,217	\$6,610,973	\$14,224,389	\$5,976,585	\$0	\$0	\$3,611,614	\$4,495,110	\$11,575,738	\$1,093,952,011
Projected:															
2009	\$214,800,000	\$236,600,000	\$342,100,000	\$19,300,000	\$3,300,000	\$800,000	\$6,700,000	\$14,300,000	\$6,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$3,600,000	\$4,500,000	\$11,700,000	\$863,700,000
2010	\$207,700,000	\$222,500,000	\$324,100,000	\$19,300,000	\$3,300,000	\$800,000	\$6,700,000	\$14,300,000	\$6,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$3,600,000	\$4,500,000	\$11,900,000	\$824,700,000
2011	\$228,400,000	\$263,900,000	\$368,200,000	\$19,300,000	\$3,300,000	\$800,000	\$6,700,000	\$14,300,000	\$6,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$3,600,000	\$4,500,000	\$12,200,000	\$931,200,000
2012	\$249,800,000	\$306,600,000	\$413,800,000	\$19,300,000	\$3,300,000	\$800,000	\$6,700,000	\$14,300,000	\$6,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$3,600,000	\$4,500,000	\$12,500,000	\$1,041,200,000
2013	\$270,500,000	\$347,900,000	\$458,600,000	\$19,300,000	\$3,300,000	\$800,000	\$6,700,000	\$14,300,000	\$6,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$3,600,000	\$4,500,000	\$12,800,000	\$1,148,300,000
2014	\$290,600,000	\$388,200,000	\$502,800,000	\$19,300,000	\$3,300,000	\$800,000	\$6,700,000	\$14,300,000	\$6,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$3,600,000	\$4,500,000	\$13,100,000	\$1,253,200,000

- Chapter 62, 2002 Session Laws made permanent the diversion of PWMTF revenues to the Severance Tax Distribution Account, and repealed the language of Chapter 99, 2000 Session Laws requiring a larger proportion of coal bed methane revenues to be deposited into the PWMTF. Chapter 80, 2005 Session Laws diverts additional severance taxes (equal to two-thirds of the PWMTF distribution required by Wyoming Constitution) from the Severance Tax Distribution Account to the PWMTF, beginning in FY06.
- (2) Chapter 163, 2005 Session Laws creates a severance tax distribution to Water Development Account III of 0.5 percent and decreases the distribution to Local Government Capital Construction from 2.83 percent to 2.33 percent, beginning in FY06.
- (3) The drop in revenues to these accounts in FY94 was due to the expiration of the Capital Facilities Tax on coal and trona.
- (4) In FY99 and FY00, mineral severance taxes and federal mineral royalties were diverted from the Highway Fund to the School Foundation Program account until a total of \$20 million was received. This revenue diversion from the Highway fund was offset with additional fuel tax revenue. In FY01 and FY02, the diversion of revenues from these sources continued, however, the amount was not limited to a fixed dollar amount, rather it was a dollar for dollar swap in the amount raised by the fuel tax.
- (5) Beginning in FY92, the totals shown in this column have included diversions from the Highway Fund to the LUST accounts (Financial Responsibility and Corrective Action accounts). Amounts from \$11.7 to \$13.1 million per year are projected to be diverted to these accounts in FY09 through FY14.
- (6) This column includes \$5.5 million of Municipal Mineral Trust Fund monies in FY 2001. These funds were diverted from the cities & towns portion of severance taxes when the total severance taxes to those entities exceeded \$24 million in any year, under the distribution formulas in place prior to Chapter 209, 2001 Session Laws.
- (7) FY98 revenues include \$8.0 million in previously protested severance taxes on coal from prior production years. FY06 and FY07 revenues include \$19.5 million and \$13.3 million respectively in previously protested severance taxes on natural gas from prior production years.

Table 5
Mineral Severance Taxes
Biennial Distribution by Account

Cities, Towns,
Counties and Special

	General	Budget					Highway	Cities and		School	Community	Districts Capital	State Aid		
Biennium	Fund	Reserve Acct	PWMTF	Water I	Water II	Water III	Fund	Towns	Counties	Foundation	Colleges	Construction	County Roads	Others	Totals
			(1)			(2)	(3),(4)			(3),(4)	(3)	(2)		(5),(6)	(7)
Historical:															
1985-86	\$222,234,970	\$0	\$256,010,186	\$36,246,979	\$14,620,805	\$0	\$107,500,915	\$65,793,618	\$21,931,206	\$12,171,961	\$4,057,320	\$0	\$0	\$49,347,554	\$789,915,514
1987-88	\$135,168,044	\$2,717,761	\$121,086,955	\$31,291,691	\$7,844,277	\$0	\$73,174,196	\$35,299,241	\$11,766,414	\$10,411,873	\$3,470,624	\$0	\$0	\$56,736,308	\$488,967,384
1989-90	\$139,232,319	\$59,880,367	\$107,136,586	\$30,999,922	\$8,205,682	\$0	\$69,407,525	\$36,925,569	\$12,308,523	\$10,865,558	\$3,621,852	\$0	\$0	\$3,309,044	\$481,892,947
1991-92	\$146,602,750	\$64,681,142	\$112,766,211	\$36,775,081	\$8,451,356	\$0	\$69,062,766	\$38,031,100	\$12,677,033	\$12,195,441	\$4,065,147	\$0	\$0	\$2,904,537	\$508,212,564
1993-94	\$131,050,025	\$84,045,168	\$105,345,165	\$32,029,939	\$7,683,223	\$0	\$39,847,929	\$34,574,394	\$11,524,798	\$16,083,054	\$1,969,302	\$0	\$0	\$14,670,775	\$478,823,772
1995-96	\$118,127,750	\$56,318,690	\$92,130,218	\$32,790,619	\$5,944,352	\$0	\$17,071,769	\$26,749,432	\$10,697,806	\$133,602	\$44,534	\$6,443,688	\$6,412,786	\$14,960,377	\$387,825,623
1997-98	\$140,464,016	\$66,649,935	\$111,623,683	\$36,696,834	\$7,309,142	\$0	\$14,689,945	\$32,890,946	\$13,520,581	\$124,074	\$41,358	\$8,628,094	\$9,072,125	\$18,603,760	\$460,314,493
1999-00	\$142,540,766	\$67,246,815	\$118,384,323	\$36,163,949	\$7,532,101	\$0	\$9,108,600	\$33,894,627	\$13,880,803	\$6,229,922	\$4,875	\$7,741,963	\$9,336,662	\$19,516,774	\$471,582,180
2001-02	\$256,289,927	\$97,185,642	\$185,264,887	\$40,102,845	\$12,826,869	\$0	\$35,965,577	\$48,231,930	\$21,974,954	\$24,070	\$2,674	\$9,369,034	\$10,088,546	\$30,080,284	\$747,407,239
2003-04	\$333,957,708	\$276,758,652	\$240,798,812	\$39,101,441	\$6,736,790	\$0	\$14,667,344	\$29,633,614	\$12,429,714	\$0	\$0	\$8,786,528	\$8,995,031	\$20,827,516	\$992,693,150
2005-06	\$465,530,763	\$531,160,140	\$583,525,161	\$38,475,804	\$7,231,005	\$775,114	\$16,227,296	\$31,833,340	\$13,195,534	\$0	\$0	\$7,998,065	\$8,990,056	\$22,791,494	\$1,727,733,772
2007-08	\$471,823,721	\$551,893,115	\$789,669,768	\$39,335,587	\$6,723,572	\$1,550,360	\$14,770,346	\$29,635,346	\$12,348,525	\$0	\$0	\$7,223,159	\$8,990,152	\$23,787,280	\$1,957,750,931
Projected:															
2009-10	\$422,500,000	\$459,100,000	\$666,200,000	\$38,600,000	\$6,600,000	\$1,600,000	\$13,400,000	\$28,600,000	\$12,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$7,200,000	\$9,000,000	\$23,600,000	\$1,688,400,000
2011-12	\$478,200,000	\$570,500,000	\$782,000,000	\$38,600,000	\$6,600,000	\$1,600,000	\$13,400,000	\$28,600,000	\$12,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$7,200,000	\$9,000,000	\$24,700,000	\$1,972,400,000
2013-14	\$561,100,000	\$736,100,000	\$961,400,000	\$38,600,000	\$6,600,000	\$1,600,000	\$13,400,000	\$28,600,000	\$12,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$7,200,000	\$9,000,000	\$25,900,000	\$2,401,500,000

^{(1) -} Chapter 62, 2002 Session Laws made permanent the diversion of PWMTF revenues to the Severance Tax Distribution Account, and repealed the language of Chapter 99, 2000 Session Laws requiring a larger proportion of coal bed methane revenues to be deposited into the PWMTF. Chapter 80, 2005 Session Laws diverts additional severance taxes (equal to two-thirds of the PWMTF distribution required by Wyoming Constitution) from the Severance Tax Distribution Account to the PWMTF, beginning in FY06.

^{(2) -} Chapter 163, 2005 Session Laws creates a severance tax distribution to Water Development Account III of 0.5 percent and decreases the distribution to Local Government Capital Construction from 2.83 percent to 2.33 percent, beginning in FY06.

^{(3) -} The drop in revenues to these accounts in FY94 was due to the expiration of the Capital Facilities Tax on coal and trona.

^{(4) -} In FY99 and FY00, mineral severance taxes and federal mineral royalties were diverted from the Highway Fund to the School Foundation Program account until a total of \$20 million was received. This revenue diversion from the Highway fund was offset with additional fuel tax revenue. In FY01 and FY02, the diversion of revenues from these sources continued, however, the amount was not limited to a fixed dollar amount, rather it was a dollar for dollar swap in the amount raised by the fuel tax.

^{(5) -} Beginning in FY92, the totals shown in this column have included diversions from the Highway Fund to the LUST accounts (Financial Responsibility and Corrective Action accounts). Amounts from \$11.7 to \$13.1 million per year are projected to be diverted to these accounts in FY09 through FY14.

^{(6) -} This column includes \$5.5 million of Municipal Mineral Trust Fund monies in FY 2001. These funds were diverted from the cities & towns portion of severance taxes when the total severance taxes to those entities exceeded \$24 million in any year, under the distribution formulas in place prior to Chapter 209, 2001 Session Laws.

^{(7) -} FY98 revenues include \$8.0 million in previously protested severance taxes on coal from prior production years. FY06 and FY07 revenues include \$19.5 million and \$13.3 million respectively in previously protested severance taxes on natural gas from prior production years.

Table 6
Mineral Severance Taxes to All Accounts
Fiscal Year Distribution by Mineral

Fiscal						
Year	Crude Oil	Natural Gas	Coal	Trona	Others	Total
	(1)	(2)	(3),(4)	(4)		
Historical:						
1985	\$181,765,570	\$88,414,075	\$125,683,123	\$4,938,854	\$2,319,337	\$403,120,959
1986	\$170,022,022	\$78,351,295	\$131,736,882	\$5,579,734	\$1,104,622	\$386,794,555
1987	\$86,907,037	\$51,091,700	\$115,475,944	\$5,128,655	\$730,463	\$259,333,799
1988	\$96,839,507	\$42,075,638	\$84,075,144	\$6,000,142	\$643,153	\$229,633,584
1989	\$78,039,790	\$55,796,358	\$89,123,775	\$5,490,181	\$2,064,904	\$230,515,008
1990	\$101,473,717	\$50,223,894	\$89,108,141	\$9,556,925	\$1,015,266	\$251,377,943
1991	\$106,770,475	\$52,753,168	\$93,419,414	\$8,986,049	\$985,519	\$262,914,625
1992	\$84,191,316	\$45,182,072	\$103,815,239	\$11,390,252	\$719,060	\$245,297,939
1993	\$77,331,326	\$59,122,246	\$100,349,235	\$10,588,977	\$1,168,752	\$253,964,664
1994	\$66,270,807	\$70,277,554	\$75,192,986	\$7,247,448	\$634,798	\$224,859,107
1995	\$56,833,877	\$43,372,402	\$74,797,503	\$8,463,810	\$788,469	\$184,256,061
1996	\$63,060,970	\$48,186,888	\$81,511,782	\$10,025,148	\$784,775	\$203,569,563
1997	\$64,544,014	\$76,010,393	\$80,676,620	\$10,553,905	\$994,148	\$232,779,080
1998	\$43,060,380	\$80,346,880	\$92,985,342	\$10,188,026	\$954,788	\$227,535,416
1999	\$29,660,885	\$73,928,406	\$85,333,688	\$6,547,419	\$988,806	\$196,459,204
2000	\$57,322,887	\$120,540,411	\$85,163,673	\$10,959,901	\$1,156,732	\$275,143,604
2001	\$74,664,462	\$266,647,882	\$97,478,127	\$8,332,546	\$850,262	\$447,973,279
2002	\$54,598,527	\$128,073,614	\$109,711,373	\$6,012,061	\$1,038,386	\$299,433,961
2003	\$68,127,067	\$229,972,369	\$122,317,716	\$7,539,180	\$1,169,890	\$429,126,222
2004	\$71,557,596	\$349,664,757	\$133,353,154	\$7,758,262	\$1,233,159	\$563,566,928
2005	\$101,130,974	\$465,857,637	\$148,945,690	\$9,095,299	\$1,627,254	\$726,656,854
2006	\$133,837,369	\$673,431,324	\$180,844,372	\$9,776,115	\$3,187,738	\$1,001,076,918
2007	\$137,514,018	\$498,622,081	\$212,470,401	\$12,767,389	\$2,425,031	\$863,798,920
2008	\$214,996,247	\$625,637,562	\$235,891,670	\$14,773,518	\$2,653,014	\$1,093,952,011
Projected:						
2009	\$139,300,000	\$448,900,000	\$255,900,000	\$16,600,000	\$3,000,000	\$863,700,000
2010	\$113,600,000	\$426,400,000	\$264,200,000	\$16,900,000	\$3,600,000	\$824,700,000
2011	\$137,500,000	\$494,100,000	\$278,400,000	\$17,100,000	\$4,100,000	\$931,200,000
2012	\$161,100,000	\$565,400,000	\$292,800,000	\$17,400,000	\$4,500,000	\$1,041,200,000
2013	\$183,900,000	\$640,600,000	\$301,600,000	\$17,600,000	\$4,600,000	\$1,148,300,000
2014	\$206,300,000	\$719,800,000	\$304,600,000	\$17,900,000	\$4,600,000	\$1,253,200,000

^{(1) -} The drop in revenues which occurred in FY99 was due, in part, to the reduced taxation rates put in place by Chapter 168 of the 1999 Session Laws, "Oil Producers Recovery - 2."

^{(2) -} FY06 and FY07 natural gas revenues include \$19.5 million and \$13.3 million respectively in previously protested severance taxes from prior production years.

^{(3) -} FY98 coal revenues include \$8.0 million in previously protested severance taxes from prior production years.

^{(4) -} The drop in revenues which occurred in FY94 was due to the expiration of the Capital Facilities Tax on coal and trona.

Table 7
Federal Mineral Royalties (Including Coal Lease Bonuses) - Projections
Fiscal Year Distribution by Account

Cities, Towns, Counties and Spec

Fiscal	University of	School	Highway	Highway Fund	Cities and	Districts Capital	School Dist	Q .:	State Aid to	I DI/DD A	Community		Transportation		T 1
Year	Wyoming (1)	Foundation (2),(3),(7)	Fund (2),(4)	County Roads	Towns	Construction (4)	Cap Con (4),(5),(7)	Counties	County Roads	LRI/BRA (1),(5),(7)	Colleges (4)	Others (3)	Enterprise (6)	Administrative	Totals
Historical:	(1)	(2),(3),(7)	(2),(1)			(.)	(1),(0),(1)			(1),(0),(1)	(.)	(3)	(0)		
1985	\$14,497,587	\$75,599,554	\$56,379,506	\$4,832,529	\$16,108,430	\$19,044,350	\$17,185,005	\$0	\$4,832,529	\$2,935,919	\$9,235,500	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$220,650,909
1986	\$12,919,409	\$61,405,889	\$46,721,872	\$4,004,732	\$13,349,106	\$18,136,076	\$15,484,963	\$0	\$4,004,732	\$4,786,970	\$7,653,488	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$188,467,237
1987	\$8,181,740	\$41,817,780	\$31,817,876	\$2,727,247	\$9,090,622	\$14,387,792	\$10,545,353	\$0	\$2,727,247	\$5,296,970	\$5,212,071	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$131,804,698
1988	\$10,666,955	\$73,591,260	\$41,482,602	\$3,555,652	\$11,852,172	\$12,969,022	\$0	\$0	\$3,555,652	\$1,116,850	\$1,472,496	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$160,262,661
1989	\$11,817,019	\$78,429,995	\$45,955,075	\$3,939,006	\$16,412,527	\$9,307,164	\$4,726,808	\$1,094,168	\$3,939,006	\$553,816	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$176,174,584
1990	\$11,383,250	\$75,551,049	\$44,268,193	\$3,794,417	\$15,810,069	\$8,432,037	\$4,553,300	\$1,054,005	\$3,794,417	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$168,640,737
1991	\$14,710,885	\$97,636,685	\$51,215,672	\$4,903,628	\$20,431,784	\$11,721,452	\$5,884,354	\$1,362,119	\$10,896,952	\$824,500	\$0	\$723,919	\$0	\$0	\$220,311,950
1992	\$12,345,895	\$80,909,450	\$42,441,341	\$4,063,533	\$16,931,386	\$9,111,810	\$4,876,239	\$1,128,759	\$9,030,073	\$1,489,658	\$0	\$201,132	\$0	\$0	\$182,529,276
1993	\$11,483,887	\$76,218,983	\$44,659,560	\$3,827,962	\$15,949,843	\$15,187,193	\$4,593,555	\$1,063,323	\$3,827,962	\$9,680,610	\$0	\$3,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$189,492,878
1994	\$12,009,131	\$79,705,044	\$46,702,174	\$4,003,044	\$16,679,348	\$15,876,859	\$4,803,652	\$1,111,957	\$4,003,044	\$9,981,207	\$0	\$3,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$197,875,460
1995	\$12,987,595	\$86,199,147	\$55,203,625	\$4,329,198	\$18,038,326	\$17,829,164	\$5,195,038	\$522,242	\$1,880,072	\$7,820,479	\$1,955,120	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$211,960,006
1996	\$11,890,980	\$78,920,874	\$56,184,189	\$3,963,660	\$16,515,250	\$14,630,439	\$4,756,392	\$0	\$0	\$8,559,295	\$2,139,824	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$197,560,903
1997	\$14,835,376	\$91,275,558	\$64,674,013	\$4,584,152	\$19,100,633	\$16,004,140	\$5,500,982	\$0	\$0	\$18,739,204	\$2,230,370	\$1,402,532	\$0	\$0	\$238,346,960
1998	\$15,018,540	\$89,360,543	\$61,313,911	\$4,487,974	\$18,697,362	\$9,975,145	\$7,709,622	\$0	\$0	\$14,094,136	\$581,013	\$2,013,448	\$0	\$0	\$223,251,694
1999	\$13,420,020	\$98,499,570	\$48,334,693	\$4,473,340	\$18,638,917	\$13,080,567	\$28,481,977	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,600,000	\$0	\$4,500,000	\$0	\$231,029,084
2000	\$19,885,932	\$101,996,286	\$56,432,177	\$4,902,424	\$19,588,385	\$13,795,708	\$29,154,892	\$0	\$0	\$46,949,577	\$1,600,000	\$7,545,467	\$7,242,000	\$0	\$309,092,848
2001	\$16,780,519	\$131,302,412	\$50,215,852	\$5,593,506	\$21,028,138	\$14,947,511	\$37,259,164	\$0	\$0	\$141,647,680	\$1,600,000	\$20,503,245	\$7,242,000	\$0	\$448,120,027
2002	\$13,365,000	\$132,342,234	\$35,059,328	\$4,455,000	\$18,562,500	\$13,050,000	\$73,143,236	\$0	\$0	\$47,829,775	\$1,600,000	\$0	\$7,242,000	\$2,000,000	\$348,649,073
2003	\$13,365,000	\$156,262,611	\$62,017,500	\$4,455,000	\$18,562,500	\$13,050,000	\$69,880,327	\$0	\$0	\$135,076,695	\$1,600,000	\$0	\$0	\$2,000,000	\$476,269,633
2004	\$13,365,000	\$191,090,662	\$62,017,500	\$4,455,000	\$18,562,500	\$13,050,000	\$43,514,047	\$0	\$0	\$204,711,904	\$1,600,000	\$0	\$0	\$2,000,000	\$554,366,613
2005	\$13,365,000	\$201,172,871	\$62,017,500	\$4,455,000	\$18,562,500	\$13,050,000	\$213,121,806	\$0	\$0	\$285,903,765	\$1,600,000	\$30,525,901	\$0	\$2,000,000	\$845,774,343
2006	\$13,365,000	\$88,704,000	\$62,017,500	\$4,455,000	\$18,562,500	\$13,050,000	\$203,999,794	\$0	\$0	\$440,092,088	\$1,600,000	\$220,112,064	\$0	\$2,000,000	\$1,067,957,946
2007	\$13,365,000	\$88,704,000	\$62,017,500	\$4,455,000	\$18,562,500	\$13,050,000	\$166,049,329	\$0	\$0	\$371,530,742	\$1,600,000	\$185,821,106	\$0	\$2,000,000	\$927,155,177
2008	\$13,365,000	\$287,243,293	\$62,017,500	\$4,455,000	\$18,562,500	\$13,050,000	\$181,137,080	\$0	\$0	\$534,000,228	\$1,600,000	\$68,540,929	\$0	\$2,000,000	\$1,185,971,530
Projected:															
2009	\$13,400,000	\$278,400,000	\$62,000,000	\$4,500,000	\$18,600,000	\$13,100,000	\$205,200,000	\$0	\$0	\$379,500,000	\$1,600,000	\$0	\$0	\$2,000,000	\$978,300,000
2010	\$13,400,000	\$269,500,000	\$62,000,000	\$4,500,000	\$18,600,000	\$13,100,000	\$38,800,000	\$0		\$361,600,000	\$1,600,000	\$0	\$0	\$2,000,000	\$785,100,000
2011	\$13,400,000	\$299,100,000	\$62,000,000	\$4,500,000	\$18,600,000	\$13,100,000	\$38,800,000	\$0		\$420,800,000	\$1,600,000	\$0	\$0	\$2,000,000	\$873,900,000
2012	\$13,400,000	\$329,600,000	\$62,000,000	\$4,500,000	\$18,600,000	\$13,100,000	\$38,800,000	\$0	\$0	\$481,900,000	\$1,600,000	\$0	\$0	\$2,000,000	\$965,500,000
2013	\$13,400,000	\$359,300,000	\$62,000,000	\$4,500,000	\$18,600,000	\$13,100,000	\$20,800,000	\$0	\$0	\$541,200,000	\$1,600,000	\$0	\$0		\$1,036,500,000
2014			\$60,100,000	\$4,500,000	\$18,600,000	\$7,400,000	\$5,300,000	\$0	\$0	\$599,100,000	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$1,098,600,000
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- (1) Under the distribution formula in place for FY00, 6.75% of all mineral royalties in excess of \$200 million would normally flow to the University when that entity's bonded indebtedness necessitated the expenditure of those funds. Because the University's bonds issued under this provision of law were retired, the LRI received the amount that otherwise would have flowed to the University, approximately \$12.2 million.
- (2) In FY99 and FY00, severance taxes and federal mineral royalties were diverted from the Highway Fund to the School Foundation Program account until a total of \$20 million was received. This revenue diversion from the Highway fund was offset with additional fuel tax revenue. In FY01 and FY02, the diversion of revenues from these sources continued, however, the amount was not limited to a fixed dollar amount, rather it was a dollar for dollar swap in the amount raised by the
- (3) Chapter 190, 2005 Session Laws diverts federal mineral royalties over the \$200 million cap from the School Foundation Program (SFP) to the Higher Education Endowment Account and Hathaway Endowment Account, beginning in FY05. Amounts diverted are reduced as necessary to ensure an unobligated, unencumbered balance of \$100 million in the SFP as of July 1 of each fiscal year. Of the amounts diverted, 21 percent is distributed to the Higher Education Endowment Account until the account balance reaches \$105 million, and 79 percent is distributed to the Hathaway Endowment Account until the account balance reaches \$400 million. These distributions were completed in FY08.
- (4) The state receives coal lease bonus revenue, which is currently distributed to these specific funds. Total coal lease bonus revenue in FY08 was \$184,891,080. The projected coal lease bonuses for the forecast period are \$208.9 million in FY09, \$42.5 million per year in FY10-12, and \$24.6 million in FY13.
- (5) Beginning in FY98, coal lease bonus revenues normally flowing to the Legislative Royalty Impact Assistance Account were diverted to the School District Capital Construction Account.
- (6) In FY99, \$4.5 million of Highway Fund federal mineral royalties were diverted to the Transportation Enterprise Account. In fiscal years 2000-02, \$7,242,000 in highway FMR funds were diverted to this account.
- (7) Federal legislation was enacted in December 2007 to reduce the state's share of federal mineral royalties by 2%, beginning in FY08. This revenue decrease will reduce distributions to the School Foundation Program Account, the School Capital Construction Account, and the Budget Reserve Account.

Table 8

Federal Mineral Royalties (Including Coal Lease Bonuses) - Projections
Biennial Distribution by Account

Cities, Towns, Counties and Spec

	University of	School	Highway	Highway Fund	Cities and	Districts Capital	School Dist		State Aid to		Community		Transportation	General Fund	
Biennium	Wyoming	Foundation	Fund	County Roads	Towns	Construction	Cap Con	Counties	County Roads	LRI/BRA	Colleges	Others	Enterprise	Administrative	Totals
	(1)	(2),(3),(7)	(2),(4)			(4)	(4),(5),(7)			(1),(5),(7)	(4)	(3)	(6)		
Historical:															_
1985-86	\$27,416,996	\$137,005,443	\$103,101,378	\$8,837,261	\$29,457,536	\$37,180,426	\$32,669,968	\$0	\$8,837,261	\$7,722,889	\$16,888,988	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$409,118,146
1987-88	\$18,848,695	\$115,409,040	\$73,300,478	\$6,282,899	\$20,942,794	\$27,356,814	\$10,545,353	\$0	\$6,282,899	\$6,413,820	\$6,684,567	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$292,067,359
1989-90	\$23,200,269	\$153,981,044	\$90,223,268	\$7,733,423	\$32,222,596	\$17,739,201	\$9,280,108	\$2,148,173	\$7,733,423	\$553,816	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$344,815,321
1991-92	\$27,056,780	\$178,546,135	\$93,657,013	\$8,967,161	\$37,363,170	\$20,833,262	\$10,760,593	\$2,490,878	\$19,927,025	\$2,314,158	\$0	\$925,051	\$0	\$0	\$402,841,226
1993-94	\$23,493,018	\$155,924,027	\$91,361,734	\$7,831,006	\$32,629,191	\$31,064,052	\$9,397,207	\$2,175,280	\$7,831,006	\$19,661,817	\$0	\$6,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$387,368,338
1995-96	\$24,878,575	\$165,120,021	\$111,387,814	\$8,292,858	\$34,553,576	\$32,459,603	\$9,951,430	\$522,242	\$1,880,072	\$16,379,774	\$4,094,944	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$409,520,909
1997-98	\$29,853,916	\$180,636,101	\$125,987,924	\$9,072,126	\$37,797,995	\$25,979,285	\$13,210,604	\$0	\$0	\$32,833,340	\$2,811,383	\$3,415,980	\$0	\$0	\$461,598,654
1999-00	\$33,305,952	\$200,495,856	\$104,766,870	\$9,375,764	\$38,227,302	\$26,876,275	\$57,636,869	\$0	\$0	\$46,949,577	\$3,200,000	\$7,545,467	\$11,742,000	\$0	\$540,121,932
2001-02	\$30,145,519	\$263,644,646	\$85,275,180	\$10,048,506	\$39,590,638	\$27,997,511	\$110,402,400	\$0	\$0	\$189,477,455	\$3,200,000	\$20,503,245	\$14,484,000	\$2,000,000	\$796,769,100
2003-04	\$26,730,000	\$347,353,273	\$124,035,000	\$8,910,000	\$37,125,000	\$26,100,000	\$113,394,374	\$0	\$0	\$339,788,599	\$3,200,000	\$0	\$0	\$4,000,000	\$1,030,636,246
2005-06	\$26,730,000	\$289,876,871	\$124,035,000	\$8,910,000	\$37,125,000	\$26,100,000	\$417,121,600	\$0	\$0	\$725,995,853	\$3,200,000	\$250,637,965	\$0	\$4,000,000	\$1,913,732,289
2007-08	\$26,730,000	\$375,947,293	\$124,035,000	\$8,910,000	\$37,125,000	\$26,100,000	\$347,186,409	\$0	\$0	\$905,530,970	\$3,200,000	\$254,362,035	\$0	\$4,000,000	\$2,113,126,707
Projected:															
2009-10	\$26,800,000	\$547,900,000	\$124,000,000	\$9,000,000	\$37,200,000	\$26,200,000	\$244,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$741,100,000	\$3,200,000	\$0	\$0	\$4,000,000	\$1,763,400,000
2011-12	\$26,800,000	\$628,700,000	\$124,000,000	\$9,000,000	\$37,200,000	\$26,200,000	\$77,600,000	\$0	\$0	\$902,700,000	\$3,200,000	\$0	\$0	\$4,000,000	\$1,839,400,000
2013-14	\$26,800,000	\$747,500,000	\$122,100,000	\$9,000,000	\$37,200,000	\$20,500,000	\$26,100,000	\$0	\$0	\$1,140,300,000	\$1,600,000	\$0	\$0	\$4,000,000	\$2,135,100,000

- (1) Under the distribution formula in place for FY00, 6.75% of all mineral royalties in excess of \$200 million would normally flow to the University when that entity's bonded indebtedness necessitated the expenditure of those funds. Because the University's bonds issued under this provision of law were retired, the LRI received the amount that otherwise would have flowed to the University, approximately \$12.2 million.
- (2) In FY99 and FY00, mineral severance taxes and federal mineral royalties were diverted from the Highway Fund to the School Foundation Program account until a total of \$20 million was received. This revenue diversion from the Highway fund was offset with additional fuel tax revenue. In FY01 and FY02, the diversion of revenues from these sources continued, however, the amount was not limited to a fixed dollar amount, rather it was a dollar for dollar swap in the amount raised by the fuel tax.
- (3) Chapter 190, 2005 Session Laws diverts federal mineral royalties over the \$200 million cap from the School Foundation Program (SFP) to the Higher Education Endowment Account and Hathaway Endowment Account, beginning in FY05. Amounts diverted are reduced as necessary to ensure an unobligated, unencumbered balance of \$100 million in the SFP as of July 1 of each fiscal year. Of the amounts diverted, 21 percent is distributed to the Higher Education Endowment Account until the account balance reaches \$105 million, and 79 percent is distributed to the Hathaway Endowment Account until the account balance reaches \$400 million. These distributions were completed in FY08.
- (4) The state receives coal lease bonus revenue, which is currently distributed to these specific funds. Total coal lease bonus revenue in FY08 was \$184,891,080. The projected coal lease bonuses for the forecast period are \$208.9 million in FY09, \$42.5 million per year in FY10-12, and \$24.6 million in FY13.
- (5) Beginning in FY98, coal lease bonus revenues normally flowing to the Legislative Royalty Impact Assistance Account have been diverted to the School District Capital Construction Account.
- (6) In FY99, \$4.5 million of Highway Fund federal mineral royalties were diverted to the Transportation Enterprise Account. In fiscal years 2000-02, \$7,242,000 in highway FMR funds were diverted to this account.
- (7) Federal legislation was enacted in December 2007 to reduce the state's share of federal mineral royalties by 2%, beginning in FY08. This revenue decrease will reduce distributions to the School Foundation Program Account, the School Capital Construction Account, and the Budget Reserve Account.

Table 9
Total State Assessed Valuation

Calendar Year	Oil	Gas	Coal	Trona	Other Minerals	Minerals Totals	Other Property	Grand Totals
III-ti1-								
Historical:								
1985	\$2,889,361,320	\$1,238,247,618	\$1,256,360,635	\$96,839,980	\$34,112,330	\$5,514,921,883	\$2,315,793,094	\$7,830,714,977
1986	\$1,440,262,656	\$889,888,628	\$1,111,486,981	\$105,566,325	\$34,343,639	\$3,581,548,229	\$2,391,141,893	\$5,972,690,122
1987	\$1,726,056,828	\$717,673,951	\$1,006,229,601	\$114,546,971	\$23,035,941	\$3,587,543,292	\$2,306,599,106	\$5,894,142,398
1988	\$1,386,610,892	\$719,589,653	\$1,170,706,216	\$116,918,544	\$44,568,666	\$3,438,393,971	\$2,291,292,385	\$5,729,686,356
1989	\$1,657,596,044	\$771,209,008	\$1,157,292,224	\$150,600,216	\$36,116,824	\$3,772,814,316	\$2,301,616,736	\$6,074,431,052
1990	\$1,944,312,061	\$802,742,792	\$1,128,751,476	\$179,396,884	\$39,969,271	\$4,095,172,484	\$2,291,841,199	\$6,387,013,683
1991	\$1,525,148,746	\$754,046,591	\$1,124,208,895	\$191,288,342	\$46,795,746	\$3,641,488,320	\$2,412,091,802	\$6,053,580,122
1992	\$1,392,784,056	\$866,037,624	\$1,124,159,350	\$195,116,349	\$41,901,658	\$3,619,999,037	\$2,555,050,886	\$6,175,049,923
1993	\$1,145,997,408	\$1,070,372,528	\$1,087,819,590	\$178,541,871	\$41,043,459	\$3,523,774,856	\$2,767,438,446	\$6,291,213,302
1994	\$976,428,678	\$982,669,079	\$1,134,921,050	\$174,696,366	\$47,646,972	\$3,316,362,145	\$2,915,392,514	\$6,231,754,659
1995	\$1,046,253,644	\$777,111,224	\$1,190,504,945	\$235,924,659	\$48,523,309	\$3,298,317,781	\$3,125,083,074	\$6,423,400,855
1996	\$1,262,398,254	\$1,079,831,210	\$1,217,201,878	\$258,344,864	\$58,353,020	\$3,876,129,226	\$3,269,740,086	\$7,145,869,312
1997	\$1,094,434,115	\$1,432,024,354	\$1,168,819,736	\$259,007,520	\$63,325,758	\$4,017,611,483	\$3,423,859,455	\$7,441,470,938
1998	\$617,510,781	\$1,306,590,501	\$1,204,528,349	\$242,352,415	\$64,727,912	\$3,435,709,958	\$3,589,768,423	\$7,025,478,381
1999	\$903,869,245	\$1,601,520,736	\$1,265,306,376	\$211,143,740	\$65,617,392	\$4,047,457,489	\$3,849,398,782	\$7,896,856,271
2000	\$1,438,975,976	\$3,365,840,728	\$1,336,115,591	\$206,218,970	\$59,908,980	\$6,407,060,245	\$4,135,036,155	\$10,542,096,400
2001	\$1,080,018,231	\$3,882,089,465	\$1,506,337,295	\$209,191,934	\$61,089,137	\$6,738,726,062	\$4,430,580,865	\$11,169,306,927
2002	\$1,083,555,330	\$2,512,574,992	\$1,760,291,304	\$203,324,146	\$64,567,181	\$5,624,312,953	\$4,715,774,001	\$10,340,086,954
2003	\$1,244,211,776	\$5,265,135,004	\$1,846,983,332	\$195,203,377	\$64,488,534	\$8,616,022,023	\$5,063,514,295	\$13,679,536,318
2004	\$1,634,067,860	\$7,039,052,884	\$2,039,556,051	\$198,943,291	\$72,397,802	\$10,984,017,888	\$5,461,066,596	\$16,445,084,484
2005	\$2,152,842,718	\$10,134,180,366	\$2,280,138,621	\$255,216,361	\$83,997,233	\$14,906,375,299	\$6,072,284,471	\$20,978,659,770
2006	\$2,533,149,964	\$8,770,228,320	\$2,884,925,775	\$299,227,941	\$98,848,458	\$14,586,380,458	\$6,904,886,980	\$21,491,267,438
2007	\$2,843,196,944	\$7,271,144,479	\$3,279,547,772	\$339,684,701	\$111,630,388	\$13,845,204,284	\$8,053,126,913	\$21,898,331,197
Projected:								
2008	\$4,127,800,000	\$11,037,500,000	\$3,657,800,000	\$412,800,000	\$116,800,000	\$19,352,700,000	\$8,455,800,000	\$27,808,500,000
2009	\$1,834,600,000	\$6,558,900,000	\$3,698,500,000	\$418,900,000	\$144,300,000	\$12,655,200,000	\$8,878,600,000	\$21,533,800,000
2010	\$2,275,000,000	\$7,656,100,000	\$3,902,800,000	\$425,000,000	\$160,900,000	\$14,419,800,000	\$9,322,500,000	\$23,742,300,000
2011	\$2,702,700,000	\$8,813,900,000	\$4,108,900,000	\$431,200,000	\$177,400,000	\$16,234,100,000	\$9,788,600,000	\$26,022,700,000
2012	\$3,121,300,000	\$10,033,800,000	\$4,320,500,000	\$437,300,000	\$182,800,000	\$18,095,700,000	\$10,278,000,000	\$28,373,700,000
2013	\$3,530,800,000	\$11,319,100,000	\$4,363,000,000	\$443,400,000	\$182,800,000	\$19,839,100,000	\$10,791,900,000	\$30,631,000,000
2014	\$3,931,200,000	\$12,673,000,000	\$4,406,300,000	\$449,600,000	\$182,800,000	\$21,642,900,000	\$11,331,500,000	\$32,974,400,000

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